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JURY RETURNS VERDICT IN STRANG CASE

Awards Plaintiff \$4,000 for Death of Husband, Henry Strang, of Waukegan

CITY MAY APPEAL CASE

Last Saturday afternoon saw the end of the trial in which Mrs. Margaret Strang, widow of the late Henry Strang and Mrs. Bertha Smith, widow of the late George Smith, were each suing for ten thousand dollars damage for the death of her husband.

The trial was held in Kenosha, and by agreement of the attorneys the two suits were tried together, on account of the same issues being involved in each case.

Wallace Ingalls of Racine, Calvin Stewart of Kenosha and E. V. Orvis of Waukegan represented the plaintiffs, Attorney John C. Slater, Edward Higgins and Robert Verne Baker, appeared for the city, and Mr. Sullivan, A. L. Drury represented Frank Fricson, and George W. Taylor the automobile bonding company.

The suit is based on an automobile accident which took place on April 26, last, Erickson was driving a car on Elizabeth street and it collided with a street car. Strang and Smith died from injuries received.

The suit was directed against the city of Kenosha, the contention being that a depression in the street caused the accident.

The jury reported Monday morning at three o'clock, having gone out Saturday at 4:30 p. m., the deliberations thus covering 35 hours.

Their verdict awarded the widows the sum of \$4,000 each.

The verdict of the jury is what is known as a "straight" one among lawyers. Every question in the special verdict was answered against the claims made by the city and if an attack is made on the decision of the jury that the widows of the victims of the accident may recover it cannot be made on errors in the work of the jury. The jurors held that there was a depression in the street; that the auto struck the depression and was so damaged that the driver could not control it and prevent a collision with the street car; it held that the driver was so injured as to make it impossible for him to control the automobile; it held that the street was not reasonably safe for public travel and that the condition of the street was the proximate cause of the accident which resulted fatally to two men. The jury held that the evidence did not show any lack of ordinary care on the part of the driver.

The sealed verdict was read in open court and attorneys for the plaintiffs at once made the motion to the court for judgement on the verdict, and city attorney Slater promptly notified the court that the city would file motions asking that the answers to at least two of the questions be changed. He held that the city would contend that the evidence did not show that the automobile struck the depression in the street and would move to set aside the answer of the jury to the question of the contributory negligence on the part of the driver of the automobile. The court heard the arguments and took the question of setting aside the verdict or granting a new trial under advisement.

This case is being followed with interest by the people of this locality on account of the Strang family being so well known throughout this section of the country.

Had Origin in America.

There has been much controversy over the song, "The Red, White and Blue," but the logical conclusion is that the English adapted their words from the American song, which was written by Thomas A. Becket, an Englishman, after he had made America his home. Before this song was written, in 1890, no similar version was known in England.

Only Real Monument.

"Those only deserve a monument," wrote Hazlitt, "who do not need one; that is, who have raised themselves a monument in the minds and memories of men."

Popular Antioch Couple Married Last Thursday

Last Thursday afternoon at the hour of two o'clock, Miss Carolyn Osmond and Mr. John L. Horan were joined in the holy bonds of matrimony, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Father Lynch, at his home. The bridal couple were accompanied by Charles Horan, brother of the groom, and Mr. and Mrs. Lester Osmond, brother and sister of the bride. Following the ceremony a dinner was served at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Osmond.

Although it was generally known that the event was to take place that week, the exact date was kept a secret, and by going to Lake Villa the young couple made a complete getaway and were on their way to Denver, Col., before the news of their wedding leaked out.

After a wedding trip of about three weeks they will return to this vicinity. As yet they have not made definite plans as to where they will make their future home.

Both bride and groom are well known and popular young people with a large number of friends in Antioch and vicinity who unite in wishing them a long and happy journey through life.

Jewish Relief Work Not Yet Complete

Because of the bad roads caused by the recent heavy rains the county solicitors for the American Jewish Relief committee were unable to make a satisfactory canvass of their territory, but the work is being continued and an effort made to raise the full quota in each county.

It is expected that the work will be completed this week. McLean, Champaign, Vermilion, Adams, Alexander, Will and the north half of Kane county are the leaders at the present time.

Edward D. Shurtleff for Senator

While former speaker, Edward D. Shurtleff of Marengo has not as yet made a public announcement of his candidacy for the Republican nomination for the United States senate, the newspapers throughout the entire state seem to assume that he will enter the race and many of them are already booming his candidacy.

Millburn Fire Insurance Assessment

The directors of the Millburn Mutual Insurance company have levied an assessment to pay the losses of 1919, amounting to \$11,502.87 of two dollars and seventy-five (\$2.75) on each one thousand dollars insured.

Said assessment will be due and called for in thirty days.

J. S. Denman, Sec'y.
Millburn, Ill., Nov. 1, 1919. w2

Where the Banjo Came From.

The modern banjo was introduced into England from the United States, to which country it was probably taken by the African slaves, who originally obtained the idea from India. The unmusical name "banjo" seems to have been derived from "banyan," the name of a Senegambian instrument of the gular species.

Looking for a Bargain.

Elizabeth was thrifty. She had her picture taken, and her mother sent her for the proofs. "How much are they, please?" asked Elizabeth, and the photographer announced: "One dollar and a half for the original and 50 cents each for duplicates. Elizabeth pondered a moment, then said: "I think we'll take six duplicates, please."

To Frost Glass.

It is often convenient to frost bulbs and lenses, and here is a method by which this work may be done at home. To a mixture of 24 ounces of ether and 18 ounces of benzine add two and a quarter ounces of sandarach and half an ounce of musk. The parts to be frosted should be immersed in this solution a few minutes.

Cynicism.

We are reminded that resentment, doubt and cynicism are so easily mistaken for the wisdom of disillusionment that there is double reason to guard against them. Many a hurt soul fancies it is growing wise in the ways of the world when in truth it is only growing hard and bitter. An acquaintance with mankind does not mean merely learning humanity's seamy side and being on guard against it. A wider study will bring a far different and more hopeful knowledge.

Dilemma.

A woman novelist is bemoaning that if a woman holds onto her opinions she loses her husband's love—and if she holds onto his love she loses her identity.

COUNTY ROAD BOND ISSUE WINS

Total Vote in County, for 5115, Against 1590. Forest Preserve Defeated

Although there were matters of importance placed before the voters at Tuesday's election, there appeared to be very little interest taken, and there was a very noticeable absence of enthusiasm among the voters of Antioch township. Only 215 men and 66 women turned out and cast their ballots to help decide these important issues.

The men's vote stood as follows: Initiative and Referendum—48 for and 30 against in the first precinct and 21 for to 38 against in the second precinct. Total 69 for and 68 against.

Gateway Amendment—41 for to 27 against in the first precinct and 20 for to 33 against in the second. Total 61 for to 60 against.

Public Ownership—44 for to 30 against in the first precinct, and 29 for to 31 against in the second precinct. Total 73 for to 61 against.

Road Bond Issue—103 for to 24 against in the first precinct and 74 for to 14 against in the second. Total 177 for to 38 against.

For Delegates to the Constitutional Convention

REPUBLICAN
Frank Whitman—1st precinct 73. 2nd precinct 69. Total 132.
Elam L. Clarke—1st precinct 77. 2nd precinct 63. Total 140.

DEMOCRATIC
J. E. Barber—1st precinct 20. 2nd precinct 9. Total 29.
Frank Gilroy—1st precinct 17. 2nd precinct 10. Total 27.

SOCIALIST
Frank Wagner—1st precinct 14. 2nd precinct 4. Total 18.
Gust. Hausdowsky—1st precinct 12. 2nd precinct 3. Total 15.

Forest Preserve—72 against it to 14 in its favor.
Women's vote summed up as follows:

Tractors Need No License

Farm tractors will not have to pay a license fee according to the interpretation of the 1920 automobile laws. Secretary Louis L. Emmerson. An item in an Illinois paper stated that tractors would have to pay a license fee, and several farmers have written the Illinois Agricultural Association asking about it.

Secretary Emmerson says, "It is my opinion that farm tractors designed and used for the purpose of cultivating farm lands, and used upon the public highways only in passing from one farm or from one field to another, are not subject to the payment of a license fee."

Chief Executives Censured.

Congress has twice censured a president—Andrew Jackson, in June, 1834, for causing the removal of the government deposits of about ten million dollars from the United States bank the preceding September; and John Tyler, in 1843. Tyler was elected as a Whig, but was really a Democrat; so he was therefore constantly antagonizing the policies of the party which had elected him.

Forces Within.

Trials without discover forces within. Says Victor Hugo: "There are instincts for all the crises of life." A deep perplexity awakens a flash of insight; a bitter opposition sets the soul on fire; a brave peril opens eyes to horses and chariots of fire; a severe catastrophe evokes a heroism of which the sufferer had not thought himself capable.—W. L. Watkinson.

Man's Friend.

The funeral of Harold Bannister, an outfitter of Leyland, was followed by his favorite dog. It entered the church with the mourners, and, sitting by the bier, occasionally sniffed at the coffin. At the graveside the dog sat still while the coffin was being lowered and then put its paws on the edge of the grave and took a farewell view of its late master.—London Express.

Poppies.

A characteristic of the corn poppy, beside its brilliant scarlet coloring, is the large size of its two outer petals, which hide the lesser pair until the bower has opened. Poppies of Flanders, be they corn poppies or other varieties, are not of the oriental species from which opium is derived. The corn poppy, when cultivated, is known as the Shirley poppy. The flower is perennial or annual, according to the variety.

Initiative and Referendum—6 for to 8 against in the first precinct and 3 for to 9 against in the second precinct. Total 9 for to 17 against.

Gateway Amendment—4 for to 8 against in the first and 4 for to 8 against in the second precinct. Total 8 for to 16 against.

Public Ownership—5 for to 9 against in the first precinct and 4 for to 6 against in the second. Total 9 for to 15 against.

Road Bond Issue—27 for to 12 against in the first and 24 for to 3 against in the second. Total 51 for to 15 against.

Forest Preserve—23 against to 1 in its favor.

As yet reports from other parts of the county are incomplete, and it is impossible to give exact figures at this time.

However reports from various parts of the county indicate that Frank L. Whitman of Belvidere and Elam L. Clark of Waukegan, the Republican nominees, as delegates to the Congressional convention were elected by a substantial majority.

The \$1,000,000 road bond issue was carried, the total county vote being 5115 in favor and 1590 against it. The issue won out in every township in the county with the exception of Fremont.

The Forest preserve proposition was defeated by a large majority the total figures are not yet available.

Circuit Clerk, L. O. Brockway had charge of the canvass of the vote cast on the Forest Preserve as this is provided for by law. The county clerk will canvass all other returns.

According to reports from other parts of the county Antioch is not the only place that cast a light vote. Lack of interest in the outcome of the various issues seemed to be the general rule.

Hallowe'en Party at Lilac Lodge

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Joyce gave a Hallowe'en party and bourn dance at their estate on the banks of Fox Lake, last Saturday evening.

The place was elaborately and appropriately decorated and bounteous refreshments were served.

Music for the occasion was furnished by a colored orchestra from Chicago.

Nearly one hundred guests were present among the number being several relatives and friends from Chicago, also a number of neighbors and Mr. and Mrs. Chase Webb, Dr. and Mrs. Warriner and Mr. and Mrs. William Dupre of this village.

All had the best kind of a time, and the merry gathering did not disband until the "wee sma" hours of the morning.

TRUSTWORTHY

It is a good thing to have a publication in the house that you can trust. You never have to think whether you can safely leave The Youth's Companion on the table. When you begin a Companion story you know you are not bound on a plumbing expedition. You are being led up into the sunshine of the everlasting hills. The folks in The Companion stories are everyday folks. They are like your own townpeople: stumbling, falling, picking themselves up, trying with some defeats and some difficulties to attain to their high ideals.

1920 will be a year of great stories for Youth Companion readers. There are more than 250 of them in the year. Subscribe before Christmas and get the opening chapters of Charles B. Hawes' 10 chapter story, The Son of a "Gentleman Born," and all the extras of the following offer:

New subscribers for 1920 will receive:
1. The Youth's Companion—52 issues in 1920.
2. All remaining weekly 1919 issues.
3. The Companion Home Calendar for 1920. All the above for \$2.50
4. McCall's Magazine for 1920, \$1.00—the monthly fashion authority. Both publications for only \$2.95.

THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, Commonwealth Ave. & St. Paul St., Boston, Mass.

Nature's Method.

Nature imitates herself. A grain thrown into good ground brings forth fruit; a principle thrown into a good mind brings forth fruit. Everything is created and conducted by the same master; the root, the branch, the fruits—the principles, the consequences.—Pascal.

Milk Producers Freed By Jury on Charge of Plot

After deliberations extending over five hours the eight officials of the Illinois Milk Producers' Association who have been on trial in Chicago before Judge Joseph Fitch in the Criminal court since Sept. 16, on a charge of conspiracy, were acquitted last Thursday night.

Eight separate verdicts were returned, each defendant being exonerated individually. They were as follows:

"We, the jury, find the defendant, Arthur Huber not guilty," and so on the verdicts in turn naming Frank H. Reese, Clinton J. Cooper, Roy Leis, Charles H. Potter, W. J. Kittle, Robt. M. Omann and Wm. A. Goodwin.

Potter and Little are president and secretary respectively, of the association. Neither the assistant state's attorneys who conducted the case nor Attorney Charles S. Deneen, counsel for the dairymen, were in court when the jury made its report.

Judge Fitch thanked the jurors and discharged the defendants.

"The verdict could not have been other than what it was," President Potter said. "A verdict of guilty against any one of us would have meant the death of the dairy industry and a vital blow to every home in Chicago. Farmers will not work at a loss. If they cannot demand a fair price for their product they will sell their herds."

"We shall continue as we always have. We will determine the cost of producing milk, add a fair profit, and the distributors must pay our price or they won't get the milk."

The state based its prosecution on an alleged price conspiracy and acts of violence which took place during the milk strike of February, 1916. Two years later the eight men acquitted Thursday night were indicted by the grand jury.

Geo. M. Olcott Sues Wife; Asks for Three Children

When Mrs. Celia Olcott endeavored about a year or two ago to obtain a divorce from her husband, George Olcott, of Waukegan, formerly of this place, charging him with cruelty, she was unsuccessful, for she was unable to substantiate her claim.

Mr. Olcott reversed the tables and instituted suit for divorce, charging his wife with certain indiscretions. Frank Risch is named as a correspondent but Olcott says there are others whose names he does not know.

The Olcotts, according to the bill filed in circuit court at Waukegan were married June 17, 1906. He says his wife deserted him March 24, 1917, and is now living in Kenosha. He asks for the custody of his three children who are living with the mother. The children are: Kenneth, aged 12; Lloyd, aged 10; and Arlean, aged 8.

Weather Report for the Month of October

Oct. 1919—Warmest day 95 on the 9. Coldest day 30 above on 17th. Average temperature 5.30. Total rainfall 6.23 inches.

Oct. 1918—Warmest day 85 on the 5th. Coldest day 34 above on the 30. Average temperature 57.6. Total rainfall 4.96 inches.

Oct. 1917—Warmest day 64 on the 2. Coldest day 18 above on the 31. Average temperature 43. Total rainfall 4.30 inches.

Oct. 1915—Warmest day 7.8 on the 3. Coldest day 28 above on the 27th. Average temperature 52.09. Total rainfall 2.01 inches. Snow wave.

Oct. 1914—Warmest day 83 on the 21. Coldest day 22 above on the 27. Average temperature 44.93. Total rainfall 3.47 inches.

Oct. 1913—Warmest day 81 on the 4. Coldest day 22 above on the 31. Average temperature 51.80. Total rainfall 5.43 inches. Snow 2 in.

Oct. 1912—Warmest day 80 on the 5. Coldest day 25 above on the 25. Average temperature 51.06. Total rainfall 5.25 inches.

Oct. 1911—Warmest day 73 on the 3. Coldest day 27 above on the 24. Average temperature 54.36. Total rainfall 4.16 inches.

Oct. 1910—Warmest day 84 on the 18. Coldest day 19 above on the 29. Average temperature 54.99. Total rainfall 2.37 inches.

Make for Business Success.

The foundations for success in business are work, perseverance and character. Different men who have triumphed in various spheres of business may set down their own experiences and views in other ways, but you will practically always find that the summing up comes to those three items in the end.

NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

Our Exchanges Have Many Items of Different Events Concerning News

NEWS OF VARIOUS KINDS

The largest shipment of sugar beets from Union Grove was made Tuesday when 20 cars containing some 550 tons were sent out.

The Merchants' Hotel in Racine is to be razed by Racine and Chicago parties, and the ground used for a site for a new department store. The hotel was built about sixty years ago and long was one of the leading hotels in southern Wisconsin.

One year at hard labor in the house of correction was the sentence which was imposed on Dr. David Roberts, Waukegan, convicted in two courts on statutory charges involving Miss Grace Lusk, now serving in state's prison at Waupun for the murder of Mrs. D. Roberts.

Last Saturday Southerly & Weier purchased the John Hirst farm of about 173 acres at Powers lake, including all personal property. There are about 2,000 feet of lake frontage that they intend to lay out on the east shore of the lake adjoining the Spetzman resort. The buildings were built at a cost of about \$30,000. The property is known as Cedar Hirst.

A truck load of sugar passed through Zion Monday. The truck contained in all about sixty barrels of sugar. It was being taken to Chicago. Now, the policemen at Zion are always suspicious these days when they see barrels passing through Zion on trucks. They have confiscated many barrels of beer cleverly packed away in bottles occupying the central part of the barrels with all sorts of stuff on the outside, and accordingly the Zion police stopped the truck load in question to investigate. But this was a sure enough load of sugar and not beer, so the drivers were allowed to proceed without further questioning when it was found it was a consignment of sugar bound for Chicago from Milwaukee.

HIGHWAY NOTICE

Public Letting of Road Work

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned officials of the town of Antioch, at the Town Hall in the Village of Antioch at 2:00 o'clock sharp p. m. Saturday, Nov. 15, 1919, for the graveling of the following road:

From Hickory Corners north for one-half mile more or less, in Section 13, East Antioch. Said improvement shall consist of furnishing, delivering and spreading pit run gravel, using (3) three cubic yards per lineal rod of road.

Each bidder shall state in his proposal the name and location of pit from which he proposes to furnish gravel.

Right is reserved to increase or diminish the amount of work to be done to the extent of 20 per cent.

Each bidder shall tender with his bid for said road a certified check of Fifty Dollars (\$50.00), made payable to the town treasurer of the town of Antioch.

As a guarantee that if awarded contract he will promptly enter into contract and file a good and sufficient bond.

This work shall be done to the satisfaction of the County Superintendent of Highways and the Commissioner of Highways of the town of Antioch.

Dated at Antioch, Ill., this 5th day of November, 1919.

Frank Dunn,
Commissioner of Highway.
C. F. Richards,
Town Clerk.

Learning.

Learning, joined with true knowledge, is an especial and graceful ornament, and an implement of wonderful use and consequence. I would rather prefer wisdom, judgment, civil customs and modest behavior, than bare and mere literal learning.—Montaigne.

Arduous Job.

Our late—M'dear, mustn't sit up for me; 'twould forbid night work for women.

ASK CHANGES IN WAR RISK ACT

Important Amendments in Bill Are Asked of National Lawmakers.

REVISE SCHEDULE UPWARD

Increased Compensation for Disabled Ex-Service Men Is Urged—Bureau Seeks to Give Fulllest Possible Service to Those Affected.

Washington.—"Our work in conducting the affairs of the bureau must be guided by the counsel of the soldiers, sailors and marines themselves. Our aim is to be of the fullest possible service to those affected by the act."

Thus Colonel R. G. Cholmeley-Jones, director of the bureau of war risk insurance, in the course of a talk to wounded soldiers at Walter Reed hospital, Washington, D. C., epitomized the motives behind the action of the bureau in requesting congress, through the treasury department, to enact several important amendments to the war risk insurance act. These may be divided into two general classes—those affecting the compensation features of the act, and those concerning war risk insurance.

A very important proposed amendment, and one which meets with widespread approval, is the upward revision of the schedule of compensation payable to disabled ex-service men. Under the present schedule a man totally disabled is entitled to \$30 a month, if single. The amendment raises this by \$50, making \$80 payable under these circumstances. If he has a wife but no child living he gets \$45; the amendment provides \$90. If he has a wife and one child, he draws at present, \$55; the amendment gives him \$95.

Extend the Provisions.

The law now provides that if a man loses both hands, both feet, or the sight of both eyes, or becomes helpless and permanently bedridden, he shall receive \$100 a month compensation. Experience has shown that many men who have lost an arm and a leg, or one limb and the sight of one eye, are just as badly crippled as men who have lost both feet or both hands, and so the bureau has recommended that in addition to the injuries at present entitling a man to compensation at the rate of \$100 a month, the following shall be included: The loss of one foot and one hand; the loss of one foot and the sight of one eye. These are deemed "total and permanent disability" by the express wording of the amendment. There is also a provision that for a "double total permanent disability," meaning cases in which men are maimed so seriously that their injuries include two of these classifications, the compensation shall be \$200 a month.

The bureau has found a very widespread sentiment among ex-service men in favor of having their policies made payable in a lump sum, or in installments covering a short period of time, at their option. To meet this demand Director Cholmeley-Jones has urged congress to permit making provision in the contract for converted insurance for optional settlements on the part of the insured, making such insurance payable either in one sum or in installments for thirty-six months or more.

If the insured has not exercised his right of election, under the proposed amendment the beneficiary may elect to receive the insurance in monthly

installments covering a period of not less than three years.

Include Other Relatives.

Another very important item is the proposed enlargement of the permitted class of insurance beneficiaries (spouse, child, grandchild, parent, brother or sister) to include, in addition to those enumerated, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law.

All of the amendments described above, together with several other proposed measures of less general interest, but of much importance, are incorporated in the so-called "Sweet bill," introduced by Congressman Sweet of Iowa in the house of representatives on August 20, 1919.

The whole trend of the bureau's recommendations manifest its desire to be of the greatest possible service to those for whom it was created—the men who served our country in the Great War. Not only in recommending the adoption of amendatory legislation, but in every other possible way, the bureau is doing its best to expedite its service, and to carry out the letter and spirit of the act in behalf of the men for whom it was prepared.

In the matter of the settlement of insurance claims the bureau is practically current. Of over 123,000 claims, all but 9,000 have been settled, and regular payments are being made. The 9,000 unsettled cases consist of those in which the beneficiaries live in foreign countries or for some other reason cannot be reached. A diligent effort is being made to get in touch with this comparatively small residue.

Insurance Paid Promptly.

A great many people do not realize that there is a wide difference between the insurance feature of the act and the provision for compensation. An insurance claim is paid immediately to the beneficiary; but in the case of a claim for compensation a great many features must, under the law, be considered, such as the members of the family within the permitted class, and the extent of their dependency, and the extent of the soldier's disability. This accounts for the fact that claims for compensation have not been settled as promptly as insurance claims. The compensation and claims division of the bureau is bending every effort to determine these cases as quickly as thorough and intelligent handling will permit. A large staff of examiners is working night and day in making compensation awards.

The medical division has just completed a very trying and difficult task—the preparation of a schedule of disability ratings for different injuries and combinations of injuries, based on \$100 per month as compensation for total disability. If the Sweet bill (H. R. 8778) becomes law, all compensation for disability will be based upon \$100 per month as a maximum instead of upon \$30 as at present. This schedule is necessarily very complicated, being designed to cover all probable combinations and degrees of injuries, and must be revised from time to time in accordance with the bureau's experience in order that full justice may be done in all cases.

"Unquestionably, the government insurance contracts will be constantly improved, as experience indicates the need for improvements, and it is decidedly to the advantage of all of us to hold the maximum amount of this government insurance," adds the director.

Reinstatement of Insurance.

"A recent treasury decision has authorized the reinstatement of government insurance within 18 months after discharge by the payment of only two

HE CUT RED TAPE



Col. Edwin Jadwin, now in command of one of the engineer regiments in France, disregarding war department red tape, formalities and regulations, to get his troops over to France fully equipped for work. The record made by Colonel Jadwin in getting his men speedily ready for service and the efficiency of his work has already been the subject of widespread comment in army circles. It develops now that the reason for his success was primarily due to the fact that he ignored red tape incumbrances which are required legally by the present system. It will be for Secretary Baker to decide whether Col. Jadwin is to escape the remonstrance that attaches to his course or whether he will be commended for his initiative and his success.

months premiums on the amount of insurance to be reinstated, one covering the month of grace during which the policy was in force, and one for the month in which reinstatement is made. This is a very generous provision, and will make it possible for all ex-service men to retain their government insurance after they have become adjusted again in their normal civil life. Indeed, I look for a very heavy reinstatement and conversion as soon as the Sweet bill passes the senate and becomes an act and it is made known to all those who are affected.

"The bureau appreciates tremendously the co-operation it has had from the insurance officials and the men of the insurance profession, and it is to be regretted that there are some few who disregarded their moral obligation to assist the ex-service men by encouraging the men to drop their government insurance and take out insurance in private companies. It is my personal opinion that all ex-service men in such instances should combine in their disapproval of such action, and should in some forceful way express their utter disgust for those who are found guilty of such practices. Indeed, in the years to come, I feel confident that in such cases where ex-service men have been advised in such way as to allow them to lose their government insurance, that there will be at least one man in the world whom the ex-service men will utterly despise, and distrust, and that will be the unscrupulous agent who in a time of test was found wanting."

BRITISH BIRTH RATE GROWS

More Boys Are Born in Times of Hardships, Official Figures Show.

London.—More babies were born in England during August than in any previous month since the beginning of the war. Official returns show the number to be 6,390, equivalent to an annual rate of 18 per 1,000, and 461 more babies than in the same month of 1918.

"I believe that during and after wars more boy babies are born than girls," said Dr. Mary Scharlieb, a specialist, discussing the report. "I think official figures will prove that more boys are born during periods of stress, hardship and food shortages and more girls during periods of wealth, ease and luxury."

"A baby these days is a very expensive addition to the average British family," said another doctor. "The cost of everything, from blankets to perambulators has practically doubled. Milk is a shilling a quart and nurses three guineas a week. The infant's extensive wardrobe is also a costly affair these days, while his cot costs twice as much as before the war. Only millionaires can afford twins, much as we need them to repair the waste of war."

Strange Fish.

Venice, Cal.—A strange fish, approximately nine feet in length and consisting mostly of mouth, head and tail, is arousing much interest here. The freak monster was found on the beach by Frank Benedit, a city official. In the mouth of the fish were four rows of teeth. The eyes are as large as saucers. The creature resembles a gigantic tadpole.

425,820 MINERS QUIT

VAST COAL SUPPLY IN TWENTY-TWO STATES OF NATION KEPT IN PITS.

NONUNION MEN STAY ON JOB

Together With Some Contract Union Men They Keep Several Mines in Kentucky and West Virginia Open—Railroad Men Appeal for Settlement of the Dispute.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—Nearly all the nation's vast bituminous coal fields are closed, as a result of the miners' strike, although thousands of nonunion miners are at work and in scattered districts where contracts are still in force union miners reported as usual. Figures compiled by and based chiefly on union leaders' claims, in many cases conceded by the operators, showed that 425,820 men were out in 22 states.

In its physical aspects the strike apparently has largely stopped production of soft coal but with large nonunion fields in Pennsylvania and West Virginia still operating near normal, and with a number of smaller fields also working with union contract miners, the actual effect upon production cannot be definitely stated.

Coal operators claimed thousands of nonunion miners were producing coal in the usual quantities, although conceding that in union fields the strike was effective.

Union leaders reported in most instances that the strike was virtually 100 per cent effective.

Report on Strike Numbers. Tonight's figures on the number of men out, as compiled by the miners' leaders, were as follows:

Alabama	23,000	Montana	4,000
Arkansas	4,000	New Mexico	200
California	5,000	Ohio	40,000
Colorado	9,000	Oklahoma	10,500
Illinois	25,000	Pennsylvania	87,000
Indiana	14,000	Tennessee	10,000
Iowa	13,000	Texas	4,000
Kansas	20,000	Utah	1,000
Kentucky	4,000	Washington	3,000
Maryland	2,400	West Virginia	42,000
Michigan	9,000	Wyoming	5,000
Missouri	9,000		

While union mines were tied up in Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa and other important fields, about half of Kentucky's 40,000 miners remained at work. That fact was accounted for by the fact that the miners and operators of the west Kentucky field signed an agreement about six weeks ago providing against a strike.

The most unusual situation was that in Utah, where the majority of the miners were reported still at work. That condition resulted from conflicting instructions to the miners. John H. McLennan, Utah representative of the union, called off the strike and later rescinded his order. Many miners were evidently confused. Reports, however, indicated that about 1,000 were on strike.

Active in Colorado. In Colorado, the Colorado Fuel and Iron company had five mines operating in one district, it was announced. But the company made no attempt to operate in the Trinidad district. North Dakota's 1,500 lignite miners remained at work.

Only 920 of the 4,800 miners of New Mexico were on strike.

Coal operators in Oklahoma, where the tieup was complete, said their mines were held in readiness for operation as ordered by the government. Frank Farrington, Illinois district president, announced all of the 90,000 miners of the state were idle.

While a few of the larger mines in Alabama were in operation, operators did not deny the claim of union leaders that about 23,000 men, or 90 per cent of their men, were on strike.

West Virginia coal operators asserted that operation in that state was 50 per cent of normal.

Troops on Duty. A few thousand federal troops and state guardsmen either were on special duty in connection with the strike of soft coal miners or were on the move or awaiting entrainment orders at the end of the first day of the walk-out.

Seizure of coal in transit was begun at many points in Michigan, including Detroit, Saginaw and Bay City, under orders of the railroad administration. This was done, officials said, "as a precautionary measure," so the needs of the railroads may be met.

Labor Keen to End Strike. Washington, Nov. 3.—Insisting conditions facing the country are far more serious than during the war, the advisory board of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers issued a statement urging the immediate assembling in Washington of an industrial commission to remedy existing turbulent conditions.

The railroad men stipulate that the commission should be one "which will recognize the rights of all citizens and which is not pledged to oppose collective bargaining." The railroad men state they "de-

Selah!

The word Selah, which occurs so frequently in the Psalms, is usually believed to be a direction to the musicians who chanted the Psalms in the temple. Matthewson, the great musical critic, wrote a book on the subject in which, after rejecting a number of theories, he came to the conclusion that it is equivalent to the modern "da capo," and is a direction that the air or song is to be repeated from the commencement to the part where the word is placed.

More Interesting.

Much attention has been called to the number of American sailors that have married French girls, a number estimated as high as 100,000. This gives a slight idea of the wholesale exodus of French women as brides of the fighting men of the allied nations, for not only Americans, but British, colonial, Italians, Belgians and Portuguese as well have carried off French brides. The Portuguese legation says 3,600 Portuguese soldiers have contracted marriages with French women.

WOMAN'S NERVES MADE STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Winona, Minn.—"I suffered for more than a year from nervousness, and was so bad I could not rest at night—I would lie awake and get so nervous I would have to get up and walk around in the morning would be all tired out. I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and thought I would try it. My nervousness soon left me. I sleep well and feel fine in the morning and am able to do my work. I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to make weak nerves strong."—Mrs. ALBERT SULTZ, 603 Olmstead St., Winona, Minn.



How often do we hear the expression among women, "I am so nervous, I can not sleep," or "It seems as though I should fly." Such women should profit by Mrs. Sultz's experience and give this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

For forty years it has been overcoming such serious conditions as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, dizziness, and nervous prostration of women, and is now considered the standard remedy for such ailments.

The Tie That Bound.

Lawyer—"On what grounds, madam, do you wish a divorce from your husband?" Client—"Why, I married him for his money, and he has lost everything."

A Lady of Distinction.

Is recognized by the delicate fascinating influence of the perfume she uses. A bath with Cuticura Soap and hot water to thoroughly cleanse the pores, followed by a dusting with Cuticura Talcum Powder usually means a clear, sweet, healthy skin.—Adv.

The careless man is usually the lazy one.

The rhetoric seems to have caught up with the slang.

MOTHERS SHOULD HEED THIS ADVICE

Rock Island, Ill.—"I can highly recommend 'Favorite Prescription' to women in need of a special tonic. I was very frail and delicate the first two years of my married life, and it was Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription that restored me to health and strength."—Mrs. S. A. Smith, 2408 Sixth Ave., Quincy, Ill.

"When I felt that I needed a tonic, I used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. I was simply tired out and didn't feel good. I just felt that I must have a tonic which was good for women. I took about two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and it made me feel much better. I shall always praise it because it helped me."—Mrs. Julia Curtis, 524 N. Fifth St.

Weak or Nervous

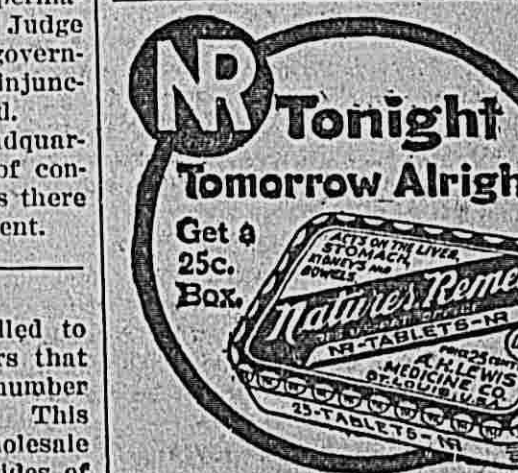
Elgin, Ill.—"I can highly recommend Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription to all women who are run-down, weak or nervous. It is a splendid tonic, as I know by my own personal experience, and I would never hesitate a moment in taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription in preference to all other medicines."—Mrs. C. Zerneck, 159 Kimball St.

Joliet, Ill.—"From the time my children were small I have been recommending Dr. Pierce's Cough Syrup. The fact that it contains neither opiates nor harmful drugs, combined with the prompt relief it gives little folks when they become choked up with coughs and colds, is my reason for recommending it so highly. I would not give any other cough syrup to my children."—Mrs. Regina Russell, 750 S. Ottawa St.

HEALS RUNNING SORES

"I feel it my duty to write you a letter of thanks for your wonderful Peterson's Ointment. I had a running sore on my left leg for one year. I began to use Peterson's Ointment three weeks ago and now it is healed."—A. C. Gilbrath, 703 Reed St., Erie, Pa.

For years I have been selling through drugists a large box of PETERSON'S OINTMENT for 35 cents. The healing power in this ointment is marvelous. Eczema goes in a few days. Old sores heal up like magic; piles that other remedies do not seem to even relieve are speedily conquered. Pimples and nasty blackheads disappear in a week and the distress of chafing goes in a few minutes. Mail orders filled. Peterson Ointment Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.



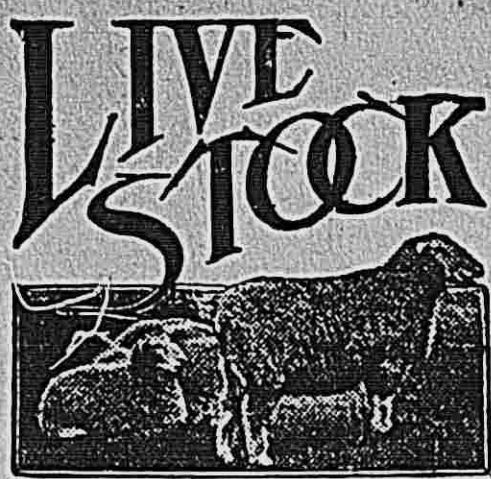
GRACE HOTEL

CHICAGO—Jackson Boulevard and Clark Street. Rooms with detached bath: \$1.00 and \$1.50 per day. Rooms with private bath \$1.50 and \$2.00 per day. Opposite Post Office—Mar. All Theaters and Store. Book yards cars run direct to the door. A clean, comfortable, newly decorated hotel. A safe place for your wife, mother or sister.

OLDEST AND YOUNGEST IN HARVARD



Col. George Lyon, seventy-one years of age, is Harvard university's oldest student this year. He graduated in 1870, but has re-entered for a course in public speaking. Jacob Shankman of Chelsea, thirteen years old, is the youngest student. He is also attending the Hebrew Rabbinical college.



ECONOMICAL FEED FOR SHEEP

Alternating Pastureage Advised to Keep Plants Growing and Prevent Stomach Worms.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Because of the importance of economical feeding in profitable sheep raising, the United States department of agriculture directs special attention to opportunities for growing forage crops as a feed for lambs and ewes.

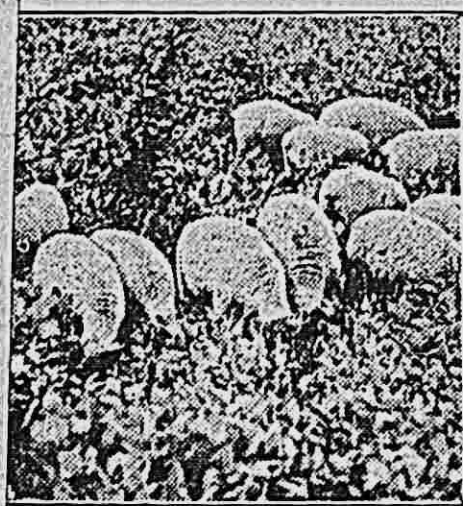
Early spring pastures of wheat or rye may be used at the start. These provide succulent green feed appetizing to the ewes and lambs. Overpasturing, however, must be avoided when these crops are later to be used for grain. Where it is possible to keep the rye or wheat pasture about 1½ to two inches high, the lambs and ewes seem to relish it more and will consume larger amounts. Oats and Canadian field peas may be sown together early in the spring at the rate of 1½ bushels of field peas and 1½ bushels of oats to the acre. This crop should then be ready when it is time to take the flock off the rye or wheat.

Rape, another good forage crop, may be sown at the rate of six to eight pounds an acre, and will provide later pasture, following the oats and Canadian field peas. In sections where soy beans and cowpeas grow satisfactorily they furnish an excellent mid-summer pasture. If sowed later they make a good forage crop in late summer and early fall. When sown in corn they serve as an excellent supplement to the corn for fattening lambs.

If pastured by alternating the grazing in different parts and not allowing any particular section to be too closely eaten, a field of soy beans may be used for a considerable time. When most of the leaves have been eaten it is time to move to a fresh portion of the field so that the plants on the grazed part will have a chance to leaf again. In some sections it may be desirable to cut this growth and use it for hay, especially when other leguminous hays are not available.

It is good practice to sow rape at the last cultivation of corn. The lambs can then be turned in the corn field in the fall and will feed upon the lower leaves of the corn and rape and make excellent gains.

Lambs not only make a rapid and gain on forages of this kind, but a brace-crop system prevents, to a great extent, injury from stomach worms. It has been demonstrated that changing lambs every two weeks to and not previously grazed that stomach worms can be effectively



Sheep on Pasture.

controlled. Since this condition exists, it is better to have the pastures of a convenient size, so that the lambs and ewes will consume all the forage in a period of about two weeks and again be turned on a new pasture. This does not allow the use of a second growth. The ground can then be plowed and a second crop seeded to afford later forage crops.

Where lambs are to go to market an effort should be made to get them off early. Lambs make the best and cheapest gains during the first four months of their lives. A grain feed fed in a lamb creep arranged in the field will prove helpful in pushing the lambs along and keeping them in good condition. This feed should consist of corn, oats and bran. Lambs should be fed all but no more than they will clean up each day. Never put clean feed into the trough where old feed remains.

Lambs weighing 60 to 75 pounds make the most desirable market offering. The reason is that lambs of this size dress out a desirable market carcass, which can be more readily handled by the butcher, in meeting the demands of his trade. Heavier lambs do not sell so readily, and when supplied are large there may be a small price discrimination in favor of lambs under 80 pounds.

Growers will find that by following a system of forage crops for rotation of pasture to prevent stomach worms, and supplying grain feed in a lamb creep to keep the lambs gaining steadily, larger profits can be realized.

Good Shelter for Pigs.
Pigs need a place of shelter to appropriate when the weather is bad, and shade when the sun is too hot for their endurance.

HUN FEELING IS UNCHANGED

German Clergy Still Talk of Day of Triumph in Store for the Fatherland.

The Glasgow Herald prints from a special correspondent some interesting information regarding the views of the German churches on the peace treaty.

What, asked the writer, in the guidance offered by the churches at this crisis in the affairs of the nation? We are in no doubt as to its character. In the Kreuz Zeitung recently Doctor Conrad, one of the ex-kaiser's chaplains, wrote a homily on the attitude which religious men should adopt toward the peace which is being "dictated to Germany." He wrote: "Possess your souls and do not despair. God in his good time will turn our sorrows into joy. Is there a German man with the fear of God in his heart who does not realize that this humiliation is but for a time and that before long the drama of the new fashioning of the earth will begin again? When that time comes Germany will rise supreme from the fire of her trials. It was in 1870-71 that began it; that was the prelude; we are now at the close of the second act. The coming third act will give us our final place and God will be with us. All I can counsel is this: Be patient. Our hour is coming. Certainly, sign the peace, for this will give us the breathing time we require and also time for reflection."

In the Kirchen Anzeiger there is a sermon by Stadt-Pfarrer Brockhaus, headed "What Is Now Our Duty?" The preacher after denouncing "the cruel and incredible terms" of the treaty, goes on: "There is a revenge which is holy and ennobles all those who nourish it in their hearts. We cannot sit down under the awful humiliation. But we must wait God's time. We must wait for him to dictate our course. He who led the German people from weakness to strength, he who once blessed our efforts in our world mission is punishing us now for our sins, but he has great work for us yet and he will see that we yet stand on the necks of our adversaries." All through these sermons dealing with the peace and the present situation generally the German clergy continuously exhort their flocks to be patient, to be steadfast during the days of tribulation. In a perfunctory sort of way they acknowledge that tribulation has come upon the people because of their sins and shortcomings, but the sins and shortcomings have nothing to do with the guilt of causing the war or with the innumerable crimes committed by Germany in the four years of its duration.

Amethysts Highly Prized.

On account of its fine color, play of light and capacity for polish, the amethyst once held a high rank as a decorative stone, perhaps next to the sapphire, but by reason of the discovery of large quantities in Brazil its popularity declined in Europe and consequently its commercial value declined in corresponding ratio.

Of all the quartz varieties the amethyst has been the most highly valued, and the most frequently used for the art of engraving. The deep shades are less brilliant and for this reason the artists of antiquity preferred the lighter shades. Consequently the ancient intagli occur almost invariably on the light-colored specimens so that engravings on the dark shade may be suspected as modern.

But some of the specimens of Egyptian, Etruscan and Roman engraving on amethysts are extant, among which may be mentioned the gem bearing the likeness of the Emperor Trajan, captured by Napoleon when he conquered Prussia in 1806; a bust of Antonia, daughter of Mark Antony; the head of a Syrian king, which is or was in the Pulvis collection, and a superb engraving of Dioscorides, now in the national library in Paris.

Natural Enemies of Mosquito.

Dr. L. O. Howard, chief of the United States bureau of entomology, writing on his favorite theme, the mosquito, in a recent bulletin reviews the subject of the natural enemies of this insect. Among fish, he mentions first the common goldfish and silverfish, which destroy mosquito larvae and should be put in artificial ponds. Top-minnows are great feeders on mosquito larvae, and certain species introduced from Texas and Hawaii have proved their value, while a small top-minnow of the genus Girardinus, known in Barbados as "millions," has been used successfully in other West Indian islands. Many predatory aquatic insects feed on mosquito larvae. Certain birds prey upon the adults, and bats also eat them. Many plants are popularly believed to keep away mosquitoes, among them being several species of eucalyptus, the castor oil plant, the chinaberry tree, etc. Scientific observations have not confirmed the popular idea on this subject.—Scientific American.

Swift Handling of Troops.

The Canadian national railways recently broke a speed record in the transportation of troops from one ship. The troopship Olympic docked at six o'clock in the evening, with 4,900 returned soldiers aboard. Eleven special trains were made up to take the soldiers to demobilization points inland. The first of these specials got under way at 7:45 o'clock. The other trains followed at average intervals of 18 minutes. Within three hours all the soldiers were on their way for the interior. The troops averaged 445 men to a train and it took 150 cars to handle them.

The past year has seen a large increase in the number of Electric Washing Machines, Electric Irons and Vacuum Cleaners in use in homes.

The reason is easily understood. They are labor savers.

The Washing Machine does the work. You need only watch it. The Vacuum Cleaner demands only that you guide it. No preparation is required when you use the Electric Iron other than to connect it to the nearest socket.

We sell them all

Monthly Payments
Public Service Co.
OF NORTHERN ILL.

CZECHO-SLOVAKS TO ATTEND CONGRESS

Two Women Delegates Will Represent Poland at International Gathering on October 23.

Two industrial women workers are on their way from Czechoslovakia and four on their way from Poland to attend the International Congress of Working Women in Washington, October 23d, according to cables received by Miss Mary Anderson, secretary of the committee on International Relationships of the National Women's Trade Union League of America, who is in charge of arrangements.

Miss Anderson has also been advised that the Telephone Operators' Association of the Argentine will send a representative to the Congress at the earliest possible moment that transportation facilities will permit. Two delegates are also en route from Belgium, and others from England, Switzerland, Japan and Italy.

A Fool's Paradise.
In the fool's paradise everybody will have an office and nothing to do.—Ohio State Journal.

SIXTY-SECOND ANNIVERSARY

OF THE FIRM OF

C. G. FOLTZ CO.

BURLINGTON, WISCONSIN

Started Nov. 5, 1857

DRY GOODS CLOTHING RUGS

WE celebrate this great event during the month of November. We have won our high standing for this community by the "Dependable" Lines of Merchandise we give to those who favor us with their patronage and by our Dependable Low Prices. Very few places of business seek the high grade of merchandise that we buy and offer same at the low margin of profit that we do. We know that you will find this to be the case by comparison. November reminds us that winter is coming and will tell you to look over your winter-wear and note what you will need. We invite you to our store, first to compare values and then to buy if you feel we are saving you money.

We thank all for their liberal patronage of the past and will endeavor to keep the same. The store that offers you 100 per cent value for your money.

C. G. FOLTZ CO. BURLINGTON, WISCONSIN

Lightning Can't Strike if SHINN Gets There First

IF YOU WANT to be sure that Lightning will not strike your house or barn or other property—if you want to feel perfectly safe when the Lightning flashes—remember that

Shinn-Flat

Lightning Rods

are Bonded to absolutely protect your property from damage by Lightning. A large Bonding Company issues a Surety Bond to the owner of every building we protect, guaranteeing that Lightning will not damage.

36% Greater Capacity

Shinn-Flat has 36% more conducting surface for electricity than any round cable containing the same amount of material. Lightning strikes and destroys a lot of property in this community every season. It costs very little to get protection.

We furnish you a bond to the amount of contract

WILLIAMS BROS.

Special Agents

L. G. STRANG

Licensed Embalmer and
Funeral Director
ANTIOCH, ILL.

Both Illinois and Wisconsin
License

PHONE 109-R
ALSO FARMER'S LINE

FOR SALE

Aermotor Windmills, Repairs,
Water Supply and Stock
Tanks
Full Line of Pumps and
Engines
W. J. CHINN, Agent,
Antioch, Ill.

W. G. BRAGG

Teacher of Violin

Associate teacher of Chas. K. Lindsay

Studio in Naber Building

Reference: Dr. Morrell, Antioch

PIANOS

RENTED—SOLD—TUNED

North Shore Piano Shop
W.A. KASTNER E.G. ALDEN
307 Washington Street,
Phone 2159 Waukegan.

DR. G. W. JENSEN

Veterinary Surgeon
and Dentist

Office over Gollwitzer's Barber Shop

Office hours: 1 to 2:30 p. m.

Phone Antioch 134 R Farmers Line
Antioch, Ill.

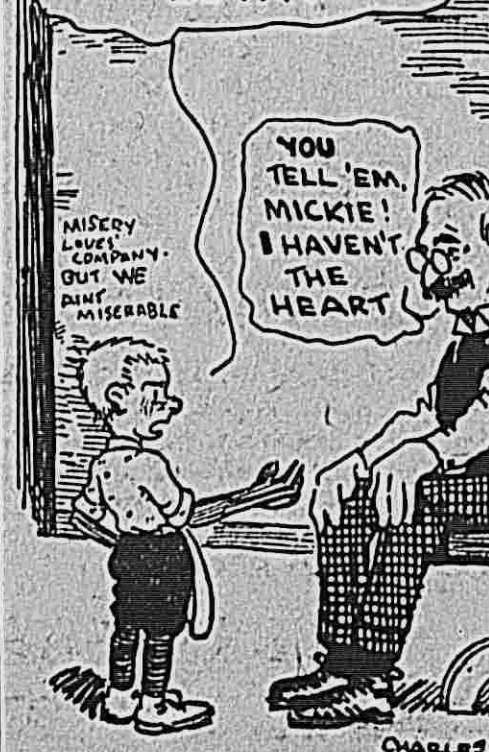
ZION INSTITUTIONS AND INDUSTRIES

Department No. 4 Phone 49 or 31

Cement Stave Silos
Window and Door Screens
House Raising and House Moving

MICKIE SAYS

LISTEN, BOSS! YER TOO DAWGONED GOOD NATURED! 'S ALL RIGHT 'T BE SOCIABLE AN' ALL THAT, BUT A NEWSPAPER OFFICE AINT NO READIN' ROOM NER PUBLIC LOAFIN' PLACE 'N WE CANT GIT OUT NO PAPER AN ENTERTAIN VISITORS BOTH!



A. HADLOCK, Oph. M.

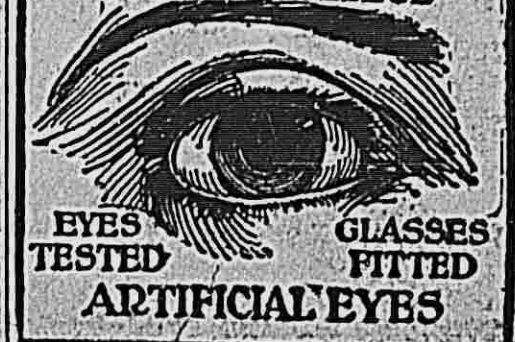
Optometrist

Eye Glasses Scientifically Fitted
At Keulman's Jewelry Store
Antioch, Ill.

LOTUS CAMP NO. 557, M. W. A.

Meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month in the Woodmen hall, Antioch, Ill. Visiting neighbors always welcome.
J. C. JAMES, Clerk. FRED BROWN, V. C.

INGALLS BROS.
Waukegan
OPTOMETRISTS
Graduates of McCormick
OPTICAL COLLEGE



Local and Personal Happenings

New 2 length all wool overcoats, at Webb's.

The Miracle Man is coming to the Majestic.

I have not changed my grade of 46c coffee. Chase Webb.

Mrs. Johannott left on Monday for her new home in Waukegan.

I still have a few overcoats at pre-war prices. Chase Webb.

Jos. Labdon has purchased the Oliver Cubbon residence on Lake street.

Wednesday at the Crystal theatre Tom Mix in "Hell, Roarin' Reform."

Dr. and Mrs. F. S. Morrell spent Monday and Tuesday in Chicago.

Learn to economize and trade at Wendland's store Lake Villa. 5tf

Don't forget that \$4.00 will buy you a good pair of work shoes, at Webb's.

If your price is right list your farm with A. H. Benedict, 227, N. Utica st. Waukegan, Ill. 7m2

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Cubbon of Waukegan were business visitors in Antioch Monday.

R. Stauch of Chicago was a guest at the Andrew Harrison home over Sunday.

Saturday at Hunt's Majestic William Farnum, the biggest Star in Filmdom, in a big smashing role.

Mrs. L. A. Grandy of Garfield, Kan., is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Story.

Dr. and Mrs. H. F. Beebe moved into their new home on Lake street the latter part of the past week.

Any one desiring to do trapping must first obtain a trappers license. The hunting license does not cover trapping.

Mrs. Arthur Edgar returned home last Friday evening, after having spent the past month with relatives at Paynesville, Minn.

Mrs. R. M. Haynes returned home Wednesday morning from a month's visit with her sister, Mrs. J. W. Hancock of Superior, Wis.

The J. M. Hucker farm will be sold at public auction at the east door of the court house in Waukegan, Ill., on Saturday, Nov. 23, 1919, at 1:00 p. m. sharp.

The next meeting of the ladies Guild will be held at the home of Mrs. Wm. Kelly Wednesday afternoon, November 12. Everybody is cordially invited. Maude Kettelhut, Secretary.

Peace dance to be given at the Antioch opera house on Tuesday evening, Nov. 11. Given by the H. C. G., for the benefit of the Episcopal church Music by "College Blue Note Hound" orchestra. Tickets \$1.00.

Private Sale

The household goods of Florence Brogan will be disposed of at private sale at her home on Victoria street on Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 11, 1919, consisting of beds, dressers, rugs, tables, coal heater, cook stove, oil stove and oven, rockers, chairs, feather beds and pillows and other household articles, also some stove wood and coal. Any one interested call on B. F. Naber who has charge of the sale.

Har Work

Ready made switches, transformation pieces, or anything in this line. Please call at once at the home of Mrs. John Clark and leave your orders as I will be there for ten days only. Mrs. P. E. Pettitt.

Any kind of warm footwear, at Webb's.

Wednesday a Triangle Production at Hunt's Majestic.

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Felter spent over Sunday at Walworth, Wis.

I sell Stephenson underwear worth the money. Chase Webb.

Sunday at the Crystal theatre Viola Dana in "The Parisian Tigress" also Weekly.

Mrs. Ivah Hamlin of Hebron visited over the week end with her mother at this place.

Wm. Farnum in "Rough and Ready" the picture that has everything, at Hunt's Majestic Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Middendorff have rented the flat recently vacated by Dr. Beebe and will reside there this winter.

Elmer Larson was taken to the McAllister hospital in Waukegan Monday for the purpose of submitting to an operation for appendicitis.

One of the little sons of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Strang had his hand badly cut with a butcher knife on Tuesday. The cut necessitated the taking of several stitches.

There will be no celebration of The Holy Eucharist next Sunday in St. Ignatius church. Church school will assemble at 9:45 followed by Matins and Sermon at 11:00 o'clock.

The Antioch Pleasure club will give a dance in the Antioch opera house on Saturday evening, Nov. 15. Music by Morrell's jazz band from Chicago. Tickets \$1.00. A good time for everyone.

Beginning Monday, Dec. 1st. there will be conducted at St. Ignatius church an Advent Preaching Mission. Services will be held daily as follows: Holy Eucharist at 7:30 and 9:00 a. m. Childrens service at 4:15 p. m. and evening service at 7:30 p. m. concluding with the evening service on Sunday Dec. 7. Archdeacon Long of Indiana will be the Missionary.

The next stated meeting of Antioch Chapter No. 428, O. E. S., will be held on Thursday evening, Nov. 13. All members are invited to be present, and the officers are especially requested to be in attendance in order that all may be in readiness for the entertainment of the Worthy Grand Matron, Mrs. Vivien Scott, who will be present at a special meeting of the Chapter, Friday evening, Nov. 14.

The good roads fund committee spent a few days of the past week in approaching the people and asking each for their contribution to the cause of good roads. So far \$2,500, or one half of the required \$5,000 has been subscribed and the committee has not as yet completed its work. This committee reports unexpected success in the work and also states that not one person has so far, "turned them down"

Notice To Farmers

Having accepted the agency for the Empire Milking Machine, I am now prepared to fill your wants along this line. Repairs and extras on hand. Call on me when in need. C. F. Richards, Antioch.

Auctioneer

L. J. Slocum, graduate auctioneer. Auction sales made anywhere, anytime. Farm sales, live stock and real estate. Write or phone for open dates and terms. Farmers line, Hickory. L. J. Slocum, Wadsworth, Ill. Long distance phone 168-w-1 5-4w

New line of winter caps for men and boys, at Webb's.

Sunday at Hunt's Majestic Alma Reubens in "Restless Souls."

I can fit most any boy with a good wool mackinaw. Chase Webb.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Osmond spent from Sunday till Tuesday at Sharon, Wis.

Don't fail to see Wallace Reid in "The Source" at the Crystal theatre also a good comedy.

Mrs. A. Hesselgrave and daughter of Lake Villa spent Sunday with relatives here

Ever since the close of the busy season Charles Rothe was been making improvements at the Sylvan Beach hotel which he recently purchased. He is erecting a new dance hall and an ice cream parlor with large porch, and has also added eleven rooms to the hotel. He states that he expects to have the entire place painted and put in first class condition for the reception of guests next spring.

The next meeting of the Mens club of St. Ignatius church will be held on the 4th Monday of this month, Nov. 24 in the Parish hall. The speaker of the evening will be Mr. Edgar A. Russell. He is editor-in-chief of the official paper of Oriental Consistory. His subject will be announced later. Mr. Russell is giving up a previous engagement to speak at the University of Chicago, in order that he might visit this newly organized club.

Ancient Admonition.

Thoughtless persons who insist on talking during a musical performance, marring the pleasure of those who would listen to the music, we have always with us. It is curious to note that this particular pest was already extant more than 2,000 years ago. In the ancient book "Ecclesiastes" we read, "Speak, thou that art the elder, for it becometh thee, but with sound judgment, and hinder not music."

BIG AUCTION SALE

Friday, Nov. 14

On the old Curtis Farm

1½ miles north of Trevor and 2 miles south of Salem, starting at 10 a. m.

312 head of young Breeding Ewes
16 Good HorsesLots of good Farm Machinery including
1 Case Tractor, 1 Ohio hay bailer.

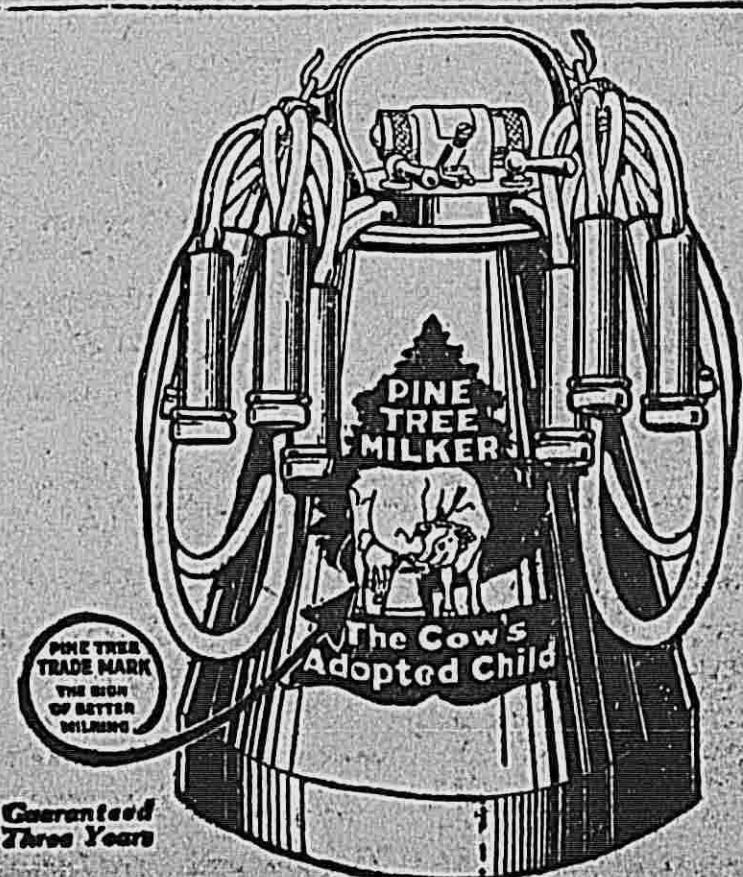
Free Lunch at Noon

CHAS. H. CURTIS, Administrator.

JOS. WALKER, Auctioneer.

Don't Forget the Date

Pine Tree Milker



The cows like it, that's why the farmer likes it—it milks better.

Why Do You Milk by Hand?

If you milk by hand, your milking is costing you double what it should. Let us show you how the Pine Tree Milker will save you 50% of time and labor, and how it will increase your profits. The Pine Tree milks in a natural way that is good for the cows. Many cows give more milk when milked by the Pine Tree than when milked by hand.

Special Offer

We are making an attractive offer on the Pine Tree right now—an offer so liberal that the milker will easily pay for itself from day to day. Come in—let us show you the Pine Tree and tell you about this offer. Don't be too late. Take advantage of our offer while it lasts. Begin milking the easy, safe and economical way at once. Call, write or phone now.

WILLIS SHEEN

Trevor, - - Wisconsin

Mrs. Viola Kuhaupt of Milwaukee, spent Sunday at the home of her parents here.

Mrs. Dalziel of Waukegan, who recently purchased the residence of Mrs. Clara Johannott, moved into her new home this week.

There will be a card party and dance at the Woodman hall Thursday evening, Nov. 6, for the benefit of St. Peter's church. Admission 25 cents.

Elmer Stickles, who has been driving one of the Standard Oil wagons at this place, has been transferred to Grayslake and the family moved to that village this week.

CLASSIFIED

DEPARTMENT

FOR SALE—Winter top for a Ford car. Paul Folbrink.

FOR SALE—A new Ford touring car all equipped. F. R. King.

FOR SALE—Universal range, used one winter only. Inquire at this office.

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—The flag from the Grade school. Return same to Grade school and no questions will be asked.

LOST—Last Saturday night between the Antioch opera house and Lewis Savages, a cameo pin. Reward. Finder please call Antioch 141m.

LOST—Between Lewis Savages and the Antioch opera house, on Saturday evening a gold chain and locket, with initial on locket. Reward. Finder please call phone 107w2.

FOR SALE—My farm consisting of 120 acres, situated on the Fox Lake road, 3 miles south of Antioch; will sell in 20, 30 or 40 acre pieces. Ira Soule, Antioch. 11

FOR SALE—At public auction in Waukegan, the place commonly known as the J. M. Hucker farm, situated one and one-half miles south of Antioch on the Fox Lake road. For date and further particulars watch these columns. Mrs. V. S. Mooney. 2tf.

FOR SALE—At a bargain two good hard coal heaters. Owner is putting in a furnace and has no further use for them. For particulars call at this office.

HAVE YOUR
Columbia
Grafonolas

Dealer demonstrate a Grafonola in your home. Get one now while we have our new shipment to pick from.



King's Drug Store

Antioch, Ill.

Electric Wiring

If you are contemplating wiring your house, we will gladly furnish you our figures

Electric Vacuum Cleaners

Don't wear out your rugs or carpets and your strength. Let us sell you an Electric Vacuum Cleaner. No trouble to demonstrate

Electric Washing Machines

Time spent in doing the family washing will soon pay for an Electric Washer Call and let us show you how they work

Repairing of all Kinds

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BANK OF ANTIOCH

Buy and Sell Exchange and do a General Banking Business
J. E. BROOK, Banker

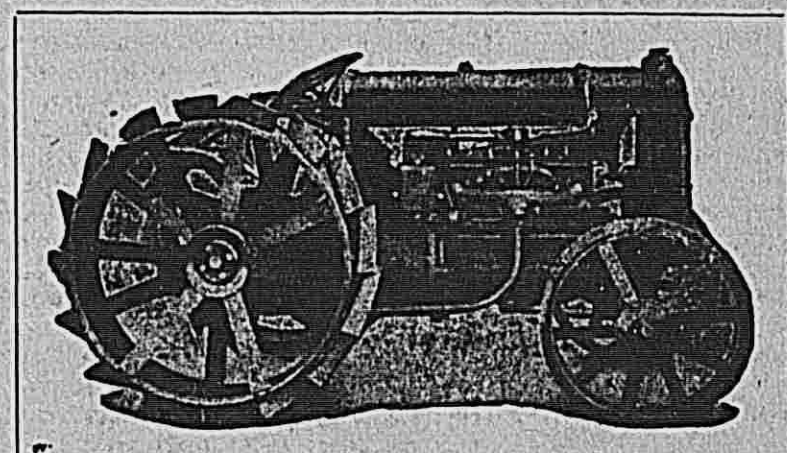
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Diamonds, watches and all kinds of jewelry at less than cost. At half the price you pay regular stores
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I have the Agency for the towns of Antioch, Lake Villa, Avon and Grant for the

Fordson Tractor



and have just received a shipment. Call us up and we will be glad to show you what they will do. The belt pull will more than surprise you.

Their plowing ability and economy of fuel are Unequaled

P. O. HAWKINS

Phone 110 M.

Agent, Antioch.

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS

Train U. S. Boys to Repel Foes, Plea of Bishop

WASHINGTON.—Perfection of American citizenship, development of American manhood, and a mighty force for the maintenance of peace will follow the adoption of universal military and vocational training by the United States, declared Bishop Samuel Fallows of Chicago recently before the house military affairs committee. Similar views were expressed by H. H. Gross, president of the Universal Military Training league, who also appeared before the committee.



Both Bishop Fallows and Mr. Gross told of the great recent growth of sentiment among the people of the middle West for the adoption of this system for development of the youth.

Bishop Fallows was a colonel in the Civil war. "The lack of preparedness and training during the Civil war was alarming," he said. "Scarcely any of them had any kind of training until almost at the end of the war. They were sent to the front with ten or fifteen days' training."

"I have been told that some of our men in this latest war were sent to the front with 30 to 60 days' training. A slaughter of men resulted."

Asked whether universal training would lead to "militarism," the bishop replied to Representative Kahn:

"No. Militarism is rule by soldiers in authority. There is not the slightest danger that this nation will be ruled by the military power."

U. S. Population Shifts in War, Census Shows

STRIKING changes in the growth and character of the population of the United States are expected to be shown by the 1920 census, preparations for which are under way. The war has upset the calculations of census experts, who since 1917 have considered it useless to attempt to estimate population of any other units than states. Before that it was possible to predict with a fair degree of accuracy the number of persons in any given locality.

The "center of population," it is believed, has stopped its westward movement, which was continuous from 1790 to 1910, when it was located in Bloomington, Ind. This is because industrial cities in the central East, such as Cleveland and Detroit, have been growing at a greatly increased rate during the recent years, as have manufacturing centers farther east. Formerly, the Rocky mountain and Pacific coast states increased in population with twice the rapidity of eastern and central states.

During this year, however, certain modifications of the unusual situation may be made. The opening of reclamation projects in the West, the resumption of immigration, and other causes, it is thought, will change the abnormal distribution. There will also be a tendency to return to normal now that the war is ended.

Pronounced changes are expected also in the "constitution of the population"—the ratio of males to females, the proportions of native and foreign stock and the age distribution.



Every Person in U. S. Has an Ugly Rat to Kill

THERE is a rat for every person in the United States. If every man, woman and child should make his and her financial pro rata contribution to what these hundred million or more rats exact for upkeep annually, we would be setting aside a daily rat fund of one-half of one cent. On this basis the United States pays its rats about \$180,000,000 every year, which sum would build and maintain a very adequate university or support a neat navy or keep Mexico satisfied for a long time.

The United States public health service has figured this out and issues these and many more rat facts in a brochure that calls upon all Americans who are fond of health to enlist in the government's war against the Norway brown rat, the common black rat and the Alexandrian rat, which is a particularly mean beast of untidy habits and a native disregard for the most elemental of the niceties of life.

The Norway rat is the largest and most ferocious of America's rodents. He'll eat anything, not stopping at a very small child if particularly hungry. He has been pretty well killed off and the government adjures all of us who see him to attack at once and crush him. The black rat and the Alexandrian have been confined by various household and barnyard traps, poisons and other exterminators to the water fronts of sea ports. They are all aliens, their ancestors having come from Egypt, Norway and other old world countries as far back as the days of John Smith and Salem witchcraft.

The United States public health service doesn't limit rat killing to any stated methods, but says that rat proofing one's home and barns and granaries is more effective than trusting to rat catchers—mechanical or animal—traps or poisons. First rat proof your buildings, then go out after the rat in the open.

Under the shibboleth "Rout the Rat," the Public health service has issued rules, chief of which is "Demand city nutrat ordinances and state nutrat laws."

Demonstrates Value of American Citizenship

ANOTHER step was taken a few days ago in the race to save a great fortune when the senate adopted the joint resolution restoring to citizenship Frances Scoville-Mumm. The house will be urged to act with haste. This is the second time in legislative history here that a woman has been repatriated by act of congress. The other case was that of Nellie Grant Sartoris when she returned from England.

Mrs. Mumm is the daughter of C. C. K. Scoville, a banker of Salina, Kan. While traveling in Europe she met Walter Mumm, a German subject affiliated with the great champagne-making family of that name. His business interests had caused him to reside in France for 20 years. The marriage was an international social event. When the war began Mumm returned to Germany, while the wife remained in France and rendered service to the allied armies as a nurse. She and her husband reached an agreement which was filed at the American legation in Berne, under which she was to receive a share of his estate. It was impossible for her to reach the German courts or apply for a divorce in them.

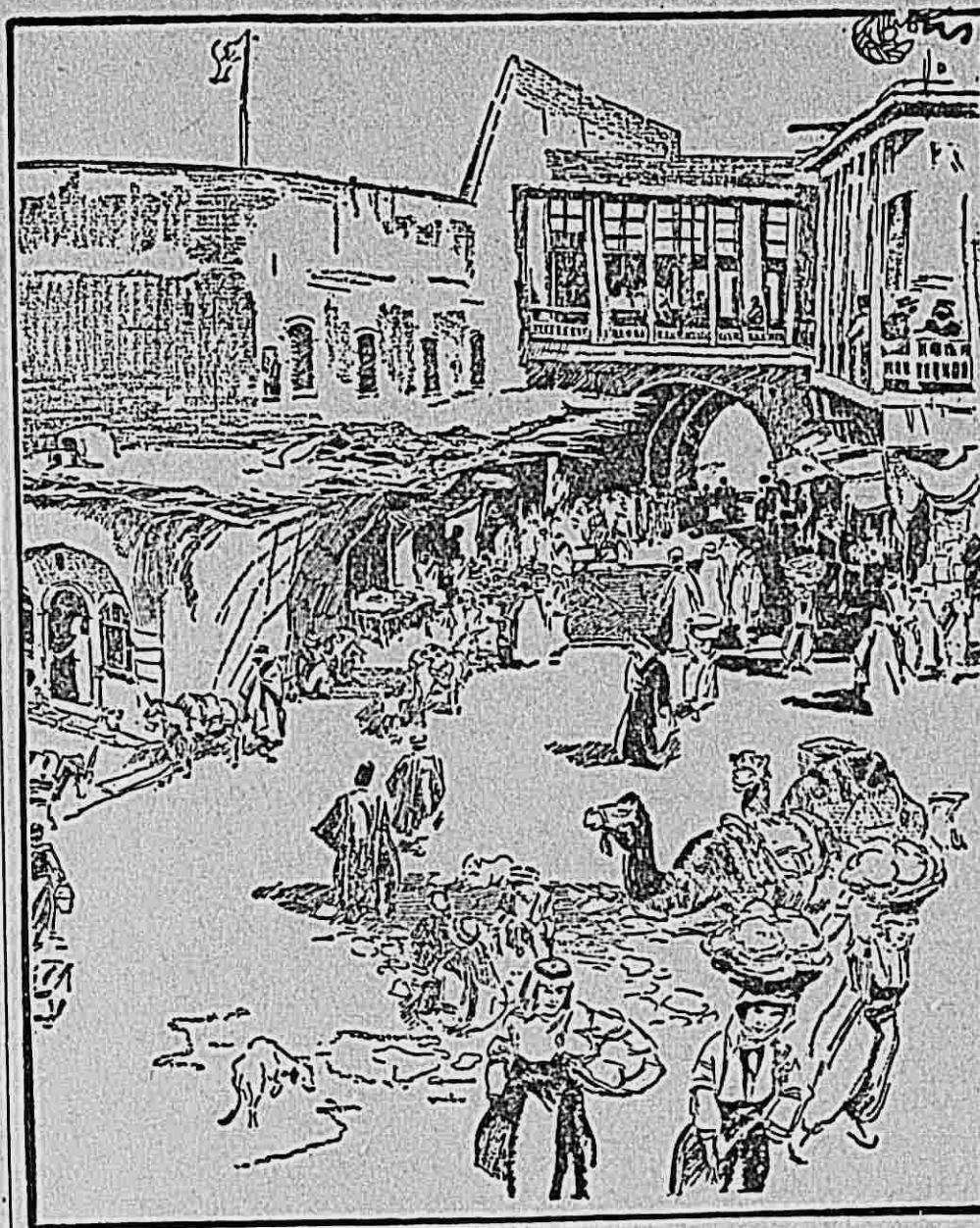
Under the peace treaty the property of German citizens was subject to confiscation in France. Such procedure would cause Mrs. Mumm to lose her share, which is said to be a large sum. Representations were made to the French authorities and regret was expressed by them that no alternative remained but loss for her under the present circumstances. It was pointed out that if she were an American citizen the situation would be entirely different.

Mrs. Mumm hastened here and Senator Capper introduced a joint resolution restoring her citizenship. If this can be accomplished before her husband's property is confiscated her share will not be affected by the peace treaty.

The case is being eagerly watched by others whose interests have become involved because of property holdings in Germany and other countries which were at war.



MOSUL and NINEVEH



Scene in Mosul.

THE most important feature about Mosul, which is beginning to show the beneficial effects of British control, is its geographical situation. Mosul is the meeting point of roads and caravan routes from everywhere. They wind in through the mountain passes and over the rocky highland from Diarbakir and Bitlis, across the great desert from Aleppo and over the sands from Persia and Baghdad. Its very name, indeed, from the Arabic Al-Mousil, "the place of connection," tells its story. And as with roads and caravan routes, so it will be, some time again in the future in the matter of railways, when the famous Baghdad line is completed, says the Christian Science Monitor. At present Germany's great effort falls short of Mosul by many miles in the west and in the south, and the "ramshackle city," as it has been irreverently called, still depends for its communications on the road and the caravan route as it has done through the ages.

Of all the cities in the Turkish empire, as one writer has well said of it, perhaps Mosul is the one that has been least touched by western civilization. Built on ground that once was a suburb of Nineveh, it stands on the western bank of the Tigris, looking across at the mounds which are all that remain of the glories of the capital of ancient Assyria. Nineveh has a history that stretches throughout a period nearly two thousand years long, ending with the fall of the empire of Sennacherib about the year 600 B. C. From that time until Layard unveiled the palaces of Ashurbanipal and Sennacherib, and unearthed the literary chamber containing the famous deluge tablet the ruins of Nineveh for 2,500 long years have slept undisturbed. As for Mosul itself, it is particularly mentioned in all history since the Arab conquest, and it is a checked history indeed, for it suffered pillage at the hands of Tamerlane, was besieged by Nadir Shah, and endured a host of other vicissitudes.

Mosul's Many Storks.

The old town, with its strangely narrow streets, even for the east, is surrounded by a half-ruined wall, built in modern times as a protection against the Shammar Arabs. Every- one remarks on the narrow streets of Mosul, on its white, crumbling houses, on the gypsum dust which falls constantly from the walls over everything, and upon the storks. Indeed the storks of Mosul are apparently its most remarkable feature.

Discussing the matter one authority tells how, in the cool of the evening, the citizens of Mosul share their house-tops with innumerable storks, who build their ragged nests on the highest places "in utter disregard of the laws of gravity." Four great, preposterous specimens of the species stood, in the early morning, on a wall beside the room where he was, he continues, and he dimly realized that they were performing their morning toilet. They took no notice of him. But a loud noise like someone rattling a stick in a wooden bucket attracted his attention. Then somebody else with another bucket made a similar noise in a different key, and he wondered what in the world could they be doing to the buckets. Then it dawned upon him that half the population of Mosul must be rattling buckets, for the sound came from far and near, faint or loud according to distance, and in a hundred different keys. Then came a loud rattle close beside him, within nine feet of him," he says, "stood a solemn stork, the toilet over, his attitude of graceful balance on one

leg. The noise which I had heard from all over the city came straight from his beak, the hollow upper and lower halves of which was striking together with incredible rapidity."

In the Bazaars and Square.

The bazaars of Mosul are not the attractive places they might be expected to be in a city of so much traffic. As William Warfield says in his book, "The Gate of Asia," they are rarely roofed, and are furnished only with the commonest wares. The shopkeepers are generally Christians, but there are many Arabs. Garden produce is often sold in the squares in open markets, and at any time vendors may be seen talking in the streets, with eggs or cucumbers in a basket, while the mosque courtyards are favored places for sweetmeat sellers, who display "Turkish delight" on scalloped copper trays. The bazaars radiate from a picturesque square quite near the bridge, which is the center of the town. To the south and southwest are the drapers, shoemakers and harness makers; to the northwest the greengrocers, while the potters and dealers in hardware are to be found in narrow stores opening on a street that runs to the north.

As to the square itself, it is, of course, one of the famous meeting places of Mosul. Here the caravans are gathered together, and their owners sit on the famous second-story gallery of a coffee shop, while the muleteers stroll about the crowded place, or lounge among bales covered with brown and white striped sackcloth. These men are almost always Kurds, those from the southern and eastern tribes dressed in tunics, zouave jackets and turbans. They wear baggy trousers reaching to their feet, which are covered with brogues of heavy hemp or rawhide.

Site of Ancient Nineveh.

For many people the great attraction of a visit to Mosul, the most inaccessible place in the sultan's dominion, lies across the famous "bridge of boats" at the other side of the Tigris, where the huge, formless mounds, rising up out of the sand, mark the site of the ancient city of Nineveh. Any attempt to tell the story of Nineveh would involve a journey back to the very beginning of things. Later Assyrian writers declare with confidence that its story ran back as a matter of course to the "creation of the world," but, as a matter of fact, the first firm ground in the midst of tradition is reached about the year 2200 B. C. That wonderfully vivid period in Nineveh's history with which the world, especially recently, has become familiar, lies between the ninth and sixth centuries B. C. In this period the reign of Sennacherib is of course by far the most important.

Nineveh, however, depended entirely for its greatness and power upon the conquering spirit of its rulers and the military glory and powers of its armies, and when these were ultimately defeated the city fell, never to rise again, and its very site was quickly forgotten among the nations.

When Hubby Displayed Tact. Wife—"Please, match this piece of silk for me before you come home." Husband—"At the counter where that pretty little blonde serves? The one with the soulful eyes and—" Wife—"No. You're too tired to shop for me when your day's work is done, dear. On second thought I won't bother you."

Why Joe Left Home. "Dear Joe—Come home. Forgive and forget. I have destroyed the book of war recipes.—Violet"—Tit-Bits.

When Children are Sickly

are Constipated, Feverish, Cry out in their sleep, Take cold easily, Have Headaches, Stomach or Bowel trouble, Try

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

They are pleasant to take and a certain relief. They act on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels and tend to correct intestinal disorders. 10,000 testimonials from mothers and friends of little ones telling of relief. No mother should be without a box of Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for use when needed. Ask to-day. At Druggists. The need of them often comes at inconvenient hours.

Used by Mothers for over thirty years.

Do Not Accept Any Substitute for MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS.

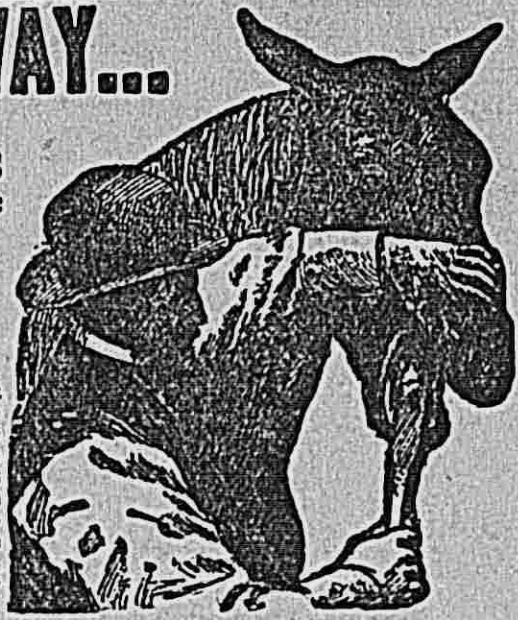
THE RIGHT WAY...

In all cases of Distemper, Pinkeye, Influenza, Colds, etc.

of all horses, brood mares, colts, stallions, is to

"SPOHN THEM"

On their tongue or in the feed put Spohn's Liquid Compound. Give the remedy to all of them. It acts on the blood and glands. It routs the disease by expelling the disease germs. It wards off the trouble no matter how they are "exposed." Absolutely free from anything injurious. A child can safely take it. Sold by druggists, harness dealers, or sent express paid by the manufacturers. Special Agents Wanted.



SPOHN MEDICAL CO., GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.

Past Power.

"I can give you a few wrinkles about keeping young." "That is just what wrinkles won't do."

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEY AILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminent as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

DIVIDING THE FAMILY AUTO

Arrangement Proposed by Hubby By No Means Satisfactory to His Better Half.

There is a distinct feeling in a Muncie family, due to a difference in mother's and father's politics, he being a Democrat and she a Republican. Also there is a family automobile.

On the morning of the last election in Muncie the head of the house made the announcement that he was off that day and was going to haul voters to the polls. Immediately mother rose in revolt: "Half of that machine is mine!" she stormed, "and you are not going to use it to haul Democrats to the polls!"

Father was rather warm under the collar then. "Indeed I am," he retorted. "Tomorrow is my day to use it and I intend to use it to haul Democrats to the polls. The next day is yours and you can use my half of it as well as your own to haul Republicans to Hall-far for all I care!"—Indianapolis News.

Two-Family House as She Saw It.

A little girl, returning from down street, reported: "Two families live in the same house and they are both stuck together."—Berkshire Eagle.

Bolling used to be a form of capital punishment in England.

Italy Deals in Coffee.

Consul General David F. Wilbur reports from Genoa that by a decree of June 4, 1919, the Italian government "assumes for itself and with exclusive right, the supply and sale in Italy of coffee of every species and quality."

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County—

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1919.

Geo. A. W. Gleason, Notary Public. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

ANCIENT CITY KNOWN TO FEW

Musan, in Korea, Visited Only by Occasional Stragglers From Western Civilization.

Few white men have been fortunate enough to wander inland, in Korea, as far as the ancient city of Musan. This city, with its grim old walls bearing five centuries of history, lies on the very edge of Korea. To enter it is like stepping backward to another world, into a story of the Arabian Nights.

During the Russo-Japanese war several Russians took refuge there, and since then half a dozen foreigners have discovered it, but, except for these stragglers, Musan lies unknown to the western world. The great central palace, or reception hall of the city, remains intact, and close by, in partial ruins, is the temple guesthouse. The smaller public buildings, the gates, the watch towers and even the walls themselves have their own particular story to tell of Musan's interesting past, but few people know it.

People who have hunted tigers in the vicinity of Musan say the animals are more beautiful than their relatives of India or the Malay peninsula. These beauties range among the bitterly cold mountains of China, Korea and Manchuria, and far into Siberia.

Explained.

"It is said that a man never marries his ideal." "No; the trouble is that he is not his ideal's ideal."

Its Sort.

"Here are the boys in the pantry squabbling over the remnant of pie." "Ah! a regular pie conference."

Let your own experience decide—

If coffee does hurt your nerves and general health, try a change to

POSTUM

You will find this cereal drink of delicious coffee-like flavor, satisfying to the taste, and a friend to health.

Truly Economical, Too

Boil for fifteen minutes after boiling begins.

Two sizes, usually sold at 15c and 25c

Made by Postum Cereal Company
Battle Creek, Michigan

You're Flirting With Death!

Stop Kidney Ills Now.

Don't Die Early Because of Neglected Kidneys. Dodd's Kidney Pills Give Quick Relief.

Take heed! Don't disregard nature's warnings—pain in back, loins, stiff or swollen joints, rheumatic pains, dizziness, nightly arising. At the first sign take Dodd's Kidney Pills. Don't think, "I will be all right in a day or two." That leads to dreadful Bright's Disease.

Every druggist recommends Dodd's. You don't have to take box after box and wait weeks for results. The first box is guaranteed to help you. If it doesn't, your druggist will gladly refund your money. Refuse substitutes.



BELCHING

Caused by Acid-Stomach

Let EATONIC, the wonderful modern stomach remedy, give you quick relief from disgusting belching, food-repeating, indigestion, bloated, gassy stomach, dyspepsia, heartburn and other stomach miseries. They are all caused by Acid-Stomach from which about nine people out of ten suffer in one way or another. One writes as follows: "Before I used EATONIC, I could not eat a bite without belching it right up, sour and bitter. I have not had a bit of trouble since the first tablet."

Millions are victims of Acid-Stomach without knowing it. They are weak and ill, have poor digestion, bodies improperly nourished although they may eat heartily. Grave disorders are likely to follow if an acid-stomach is neglected. Clearing out of the liver, intestinal congestion, gastritis, catarrh of the stomach—these are only a few of the many ailments often caused by Acid-Stomach.

A sufferer from Catarrh of the Stomach of 11 years' standing writes: "I had catarrh of the stomach for 11 long years and I never found anything to do me any good—just temporary relief—until I used EATONIC. It is a wonderful remedy and I do not want to be without it."

If you are not feeling quite right—lack energy and enthusiasm and don't know just where to locate the trouble—try EATONIC and see how much better you will feel in every way.

At a drug store—a big box for 50c and your money back if you are not satisfied.

EATONIC

FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

Rheumatism

I want a letter from every man and woman who is afflicted with Rheumatism, Lumbago or Neuralgia, giving me their name and address. I will send each one a Free One Dollar bottle of my Rheumatism Remedy. I want to convince every Rheumatism sufferer at my expense that my Rheumatism Remedy does what thousands of other remedies have failed to accomplish. I feel sure of it and I want every Rheumatism sufferer to know it and be sure of it before giving me a penny more. Don't try to cure Rheumatism out through the feet or skin with plasters or caustic metal contrivances. Don't try to treat it out with liniments, electricity or magnetism. Don't try to smother it out with mental science. You must drive it out. It is in the blood and you must go after it.

This is just what I believe Kuhn's Remedy will do, and that is why it relieves Rheumatism. I believe that Rheumatism comes from Uric Acid in the blood, and Uric Acid and Kuhn's Rheumatism Remedy combine together if you want to be free from pain and suffering. My Remedy relieves the sharp, shooting, dull, aching muscles, hot, throbbing, swollen limbs, and stiffened joints, and relieves them quickly.

I CAN PROVE IT
all to you if you will only let me do it. I will prove much in one week, if you will only write and ask my Company to send you a dollar bottle of my Rheumatism Remedy. I don't care what form of Rheumatism you have or how long you have had it. I don't care what other remedies you have used. If you have not used mine you don't know what a real Rheumatism Remedy will do. Read our offer below and send for it at once.

One Dollar Bottle Free
We do not send a small sample vial, containing only a thimbleful and of no practical value, but a full-sized bottle, selling regularly at drug-stores for One Dollar each. This bottle is heavy and we must pay Uncle Sam to carry it to your door. You must send us 25 cents to pay postage, mailing case and packing, and this full-sized One Dollar bottle will be promptly sent you, free, on receipt or later. Don't wait until your Rheumatism is insupportable. Send today and get a One Dollar bottle free. Only one bottle free to a family and only to those who send 25 cents for charges. Dept. W. 1.
1855 Milwaukee Avenue Chicago, Ill.

THE WEIGHT OF RESULTS

If you read some weighty claim, you always ask: Do any results prove this claim? Because only results afford the proof. Triner's American Elixir of Bitter Wine is the best remedy for all stomach troubles. That is our claim. And here are the results: "Weston, Neb., Aug. 24, 1919. Triner's American Elixir of Bitter Wine is the best stomach remedy. It acts wonderfully. Fr. Pacula." Triner's Angellon Tonic is unequalled as a restorer of vitality and energy. Read the following: "Ballston Spa, N. Y., Aug. 10, 1919. Triner's Angellon is excellent. It helps digestion, gives healthy sleep and invigorates the blood. My wife has suffered from colds for 7 years, but now Triner's Angellon helped her. Mich. Miller." Every druggist has these remedies in stock. They also mean the best preparedness against influenza.—Joseph Triner Company, 1333-43 S. Ashland Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Baby Coughs

require treatment with a remedy that contains no opiates. Piso's is mild and effective, pleasant to take. Ask your druggist for

PISO'S

THE IMPOSTOR

By FRANK L. PACKARD

(Copyright.)

THE HEROINE.

Synopsis—Stacey Wallen, first mate of the bark Upolo, in the Java sea, is the sole survivor of the crew, all victims of yellow fever. Ting Wah, Chinese sailor, last man to die, tells Wallen he and five other Chinamen were sent aboard for "Drink-House Sam," notorious character of Singapore, to kill him. This recalls to Wallen an incident of his childhood which seems connected with the confession. While delicious, Wallen enters in the ship's log the fact of his death and abandons the vessel in a small boat. Wallen's boat drifts to the island of Arru and a Scottish trader there, MacKnight, cares for him. Learning that a ship is in port on the other side of the island, twenty miles away, Wallen, though unfit for the task, starts to reach it. He sets out but falls exhausted on the trail. There he is found by a man and woman who are from the ship he was trying to reach. MacKnight, a passenger, conveys him to the vessel. The ship proves to be a small tramp steamer, the Monleigh, Captain Laynton. Laynton tells Wallen the vessel had been chartered by Wallen's father to find him, the father knowing his son to be in grave danger because of a long-standing feud between the elder Wallen and a notorious pirate, Ram Gulab Singh. Laynton also informs him of the death of his father, explaining that the fatality was believed to be an accident. Wallen instantly associates his father's death with the Chinaman's confession on the Upolo. He takes over the charter of the vessel and sails for Singapore.

CHAPTER IV.

The Hand Sinister.

The moonlight bathed her in a soft luminescence as she leaned over the ship's rail; and it seemed to Wallen that he had never seen so beautiful a face. No, "beautiful" wasn't the word at all. It was more than that—a something that counted for more than mere prettiness of features.

"I know you're just dying to find out how I came aboard here," she laughed. "I could see it in your face every time you looked at me at supper."

"Yes," Wallen admitted. "That's true, Miss MacKay. In fact, I've been waiting here on deck for ages to ask you."

She did not answer at once—she was leaning further over the rail, her eyes fixed on the bubbling phosphorescence as it glided past the ship's hull.

"You are a western man, as we speak of the West here, Mr. Wallen," she said at last seriously; "and perhaps you do not know the East very well—that is, the outpost East, as I call it. Conventions here are—quite different. You, I am sure, are mentally disapproving of my presence on board; you are thinking that I should be accompanied by my mother or my father or a brother, or at least by a female companion of some sort, instead of which I have only—this."

She drew her hand from her pocket, and in the open palm, as she rested it on the rail, lay a small but very serviceable automatic pistol.

It was unexpected, abrupt, and it startled him. He stared blankly at the exquisite silver chinking of the thing as it glinted in the moonbeams.

"But—but to be where that is—is necessary?" he ventured, a little awkwardly.

She shook her head as she returned the weapon to her pocket.

"I do not mean it in that sense—that it is necessary," she answered.

"Those of us who live in the Islands of the Peninsula are brought up with firearms from the time almost that we can walk, and conventions with us follow the code framed by the conditions which surround us."

"It's—it's quite different from"—she laughed outright, merrily now—"Vassar, for example. I was there two years. And so you see, Mr. Wallen, if one wants to go anywhere down here it is simply a question of availing oneself of the first opportunity, whatever it may be."

"It's a very homy and commonplace explanation," she said. "I am going to pay a long-promised visit to my uncle and aunt in Sumatra. We live—that is, father and I—on Menado, just north of the Makassar strait. All we see of the outside world is an occasional trading schooner; and so when Captain Laynton put in to ride out a few days' bad weather, with him came the opportunity I was speaking of."

"He said he was to touch at a number of ports beginning with Pobi and work down to Singapore. Well, at Singapore I can get passage across to Sumatra, and that's the whole story. You see"—she was demurely serious now—"I have been very precise because I understand that you are really in command now, and if you disapproved too terribly you might order me ashore at the first port."

"Put you ashore!" exclaimed Wallen with a laugh. "Not much! Besides, we're not touching at any port before Singapore. And"—with sudden inspiration—"I'll tell you what, Miss MacKay, we'll run you over to Sumatra from there, if you like."

"Oh, will you?" she cried excitedly. "That will be splendid! But"—hesitantly—"that's asking altogether too much."

"It isn't asking anything at all!" he assured her warmly. "The debt will be on my side."

"It's perfectly splendid of you!" she said again enthusiastically. "I don't know how to thank you." Her hand, cool and soft, touched his lightly upon the rail.

He clasped it frankly. "Then that settles the bargain, Miss MacKay!" he declared.

She withdrew her hand, nodding her head prettily; and then the dark eyes that were smiling into his grew suddenly troubled.

"I have never heard so strange a thing before as this," she said; "of you, and—and your connection with this ship. And—I've been trying to say it, and didn't quite know how—about your father's loss—I'm so sorry, Mr. Wallen."

"Thank you," he said quietly—and turned away for a moment.

His father's death! He had not even yet come to realize it, except in that cold, merciless desire for vengeance upon the man or men who had been guilty of his father's murder. And now her words brought that thought again surging uppermost in his mind. He faced her once more gravely.

"Could you tell me anything about him—about how it happened, Miss MacKay?" he asked.

"Only what Captain Laynton has probably told you already," she answered slowly. "It was before the ship reached Menado, you know—before I came aboard."

"Yes, of course," said Wallen. He had shifted his position, leaning now with his back against the rail, and glancing forward along the deck, his eyes fixed suddenly on the wireless house which was quite dark and with no light showing from within. He jerked his hand toward it.

"We've got wireless," he observed. "But I haven't seen any operator—at least he wasn't at supper."

"Oh, yes, he was," she laughed. "I'm the operator."

"You—what?" He was gazing at her in amazement.

"Well, no, not really," she amended. "I'm only joking, or, at least, half joking. It's true, though, that any operator that's done I do."

"You see, the American law requires ships coming under its jurisdiction to

carry an installation; but Captain Laynton, having no idea of trading with an American port for some months, anyway, said he didn't see why he should pay wages he didn't have to, and discharged his operator when he left Honolulu."

"Yes," said Wallen quickly. "But you?"

"Conditions of the East again," she told him smilingly. "Father installed a small station on our plantation a few years ago, and that nearest neighbor of ours did likewise. It's been heaps of fun, and, of course, I learned to operate it. I got Captain Laynton's permission, teased Mr. Spree, the chief engineer, into letting me have the power, and I've been amusing myself with it since I've been aboard. But now, sir—with sudden severity—"we're forgetting that you are still an invalid, and I am keeping you up. Please take me below, Mr. Wallen."

"Below! But, no!" he protested. "It's early yet."

"But, yes!" she insisted, gayly imperious, and led the way across the deck. "You shouldn't even have been allowed up for supper, you know!"

Wallen, because he could do nothing else, followed her down the companionway and into the saloon.

And there, despite his good-natured grumbling, she stood and watched him in a quiet motherly way until, perforce, he was obliged to go to his cabin

door—and then, with a cheery "Good night," she was gone.

"By Jove!" said Wallen softly to himself.

He locked the door, closed the port-hole securely, switched on the light, and, seating himself on the edge of the bunk, stared at the floor.

"By Jove!" he repeated softly. Then lugubriously: "And it's only three days to Singapore, and—and she didn't say where in Sumatra—but that couldn't be more than another three days at the outside."

He sat up suddenly and pulled out of his pocket the envelope that Captain Laynton had given him. He had not examined it yet. He tore the envelope open, shook the contents out onto the bunk, and whistled low, under his breath.

Among other things, but catching his eye instantly, was a little packet of crisp, new, American hundred-dollar gold certificates. He counted them wonderingly—one thousand one hundred dollars. He laid them down and picked up a wallet. It contained some silver and a few dollars in small bills.

Wallen passed his hand a little dazedly across his eyes; and then continued his examination. There was a photograph, a little faded, a little old-fashioned, the photograph of a very beautiful woman. He turned it over. On the back was written: "Elizabeth Powers Wallen."

His mother! He had never known his mother. He held the photograph for a long time in his hand, gazing at the face that now somehow seemed to smile back at him—then put it reverently aside.

There remained perhaps a dozen documents; mortgages in his father's favor, stock certificates and securities of various sorts, the total running into many thousands of dollars—sixty thousand, he put it at a guess, figuring the certificates at par value. Lastly, there was a small sealed envelope.

He opened it with a curious sense of excitement. Here, perhaps, was the secret that had bound up his father's life so mysteriously, and—no—he whistled again in that low, surprised way. It was his father's will, a terse, short document, bequeathing everything "to my son, Stacey Wallen, whom I charge with the care of my faithful servant Gunga as long as the latter shall live."

Wallen got up and began to pace the little cabin. Gunga! The will was dated at San Francisco two years ago. Where was Gunga now?

Dead, perhaps, since the two were inseparable and Gunga had not come aboard with his master at Honolulu—so Captain Laynton had stated. Captain Laynton! Wallen stared at the articles that littered the bunk—the conviction slowly dawning upon him that he had wofully misjudged the Monleigh's commander and mentally owed the other an apology for jumping so hastily to conclusions.

There was not even a shadow of proof that his father's death, after all, had not been accidental. His suspicions had arisen naturally enough in view of the past, and his own recent escape; but certainly it appeared to be decidedly "far-fetched" now, and certainly it was no deep-laid plot on the part of Captain Laynton, such as, in a hazy, fantastical way, he had imagined it might have been.

What possible motive could Laynton have in carrying out the original purpose for which he had been chartered, except that he felt in honor bound to do so? None!

And if the man had been dishonest he could have put that eleven hundred dollars lying there on the bunk into his own pocket and no one would have been the wiser! Even the matter of the wireless, which in his suspicious state of mind had assumed perhaps exaggerated proportions, had been shot to pieces, so to speak, as far as it being there for any ulterior purpose was concerned—and by irrefutable evidence—Helen MacKay's!

And with a vision of brown eyes and gloriously truant hair before him and the thought of tomorrow when the vision should materialize into reality again he turned into his bunk.

And the "tomorrow" and the two days that followed, not only dispelled all final doubt from his mind but found him responding frankly to the general good-fellowship which he found existing in the cabin.

They passed quickly those three days—too quickly. And they were the happiest days Wallen had ever known—because Helen MacKay had made them happy days, and because a new glad thing had come into his life.

And she, too, came to care? He did not know. Sometimes, in little intimate ways, in a smile or a glance or a word or a quick, trustful touch of the hand, he read the answer to his unspoken question as his soul wanted to read the answer.

"Singapore means the 'City of Lions,' you know."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

BIFF!

Stop jolting Liver and Bowels with violent drugs, but take "Cascarets."

"Dynamiting" bile out of your system with calomel and other sickening purgatives is all wrong. Salts, Oil, and Cathartic Waters act by flooding the bowels with the digestive juices which are vital to the stomach. Cascarets are different. They act as a tonic to the bowel muscles, which is the only sensible way to relieve a bilious attack, a sour, acid stomach, or constipated bowels. There is no griping or inconvenience. You naturally return to regularity and cheerfulness. Cascarets cost very little and they work while you sleep.—Adv.

Demonstration Essential.

"Why was it necessary for you to add anything to the voluminous and enlightening remarks already offered on this subject?"

"It wasn't positively necessary," answered Senator Sorghum, "except on my own account. I had to say something to keep the folks out home from thinking I was losing my influence."

STRENGTHENS KIDNEYS— PURIFIES BLOOD

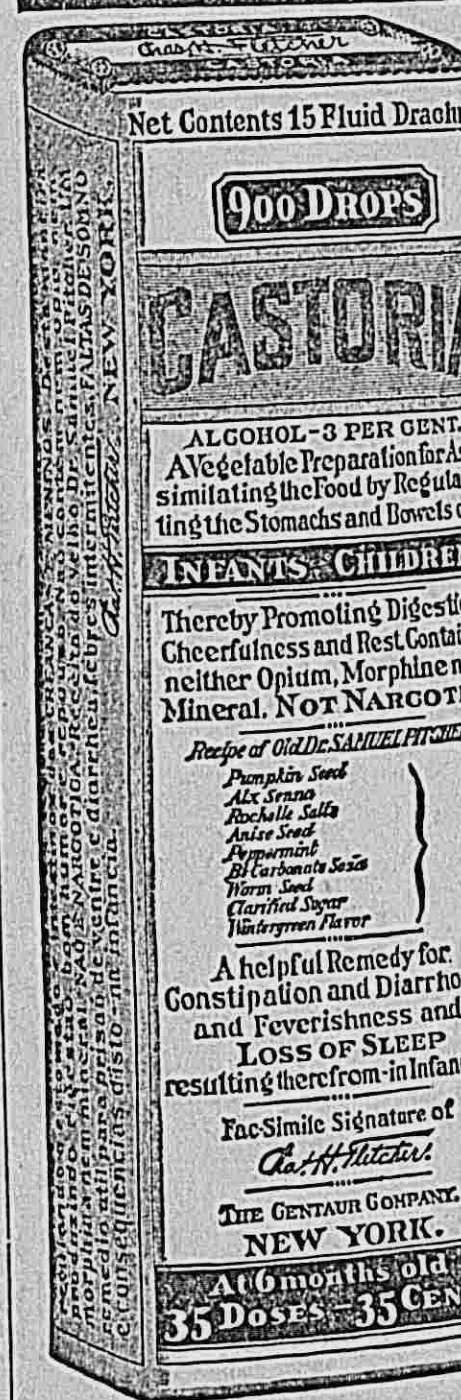
You can't expect weak kidneys to filter the acids and poisons out of your system unless they are given a little help. Don't allow them to become diseased when a little attention now will prevent it. Don't try to cheat nature.

As soon as you commence to have backaches, feel nervous and tired, GET BUSY. These are usually warnings that your kidneys are not working properly.

Do not delay a minute. Go after the cause of your ailments or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. GOLD MEDAL Haerlem Oil Capsules will give almost immediate relief from kidney troubles. GOLD MEDAL Haerlem Oil Capsules will do the work. They are the pure original Haerlem Oil Capsules imported direct from the laboratories in Haerlem, Holland. Ask your druggist for GOLD MEDAL and accept no substitutes. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box. Three sizes, sealed packages. Money refunded if they do not quickly help you.—Adv.

A Gentle Hint.

He—"I never eat lobsters myself. Miss Gwnee." She—"I'd think you'd feel like a cannibal if you did."



INFLUENZA starts with a Cold

Kill the Cold. At the first sneeze take

HILL'S
CASCARA
QUININE
BROMIDE

Standard cold remedy for 20 years—in tablet form—safe, sure, no opiates—breaks up a cold in 24 hours—relieves grip in 3 days. Money back if it fails. The genuine Hill's has a Red top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores

Why Bald So Young
Rub Dandruff and
Itching with
Cuticura Ointment
Shampoo With Cuticura Soap
Thruppers, Ring, Throat, Talcum, etc., each

Kremola
Makes the
Skin Beautiful
"KREMOLA" is a medicated snow white cream that does wonders for a bad complexion. Removes Tan, freckles, pimples, blemishes, etc. The skin's natural protection. Elegant for men after shave, hair, face, etc. Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Ave., Chicago

FRECKLES POSITIVELY REMOVED BY Dr. Berry's Freckle Ointment—Your druggist or Dr. C. H. Berry Co., 2975 Michigan Avenue, Chicago

Rechristening Demanded.
"And they call that stuff moonshine!" exclaimed the man who was more inquisitive than wise.
"That's the name is goes by in these hills."
"You ought to rechristen it. It tastes like bottled sunstroke."

The world is all a stage, but a bunch of us are just scenery.



FARRIS' COLIC
REMEDY
TO TREAT HORSE COLIC
No Drenching—A Child Can Give It
6 Doses per GUARANTEED
Old Kentucky Mfg. Co., Inc., Paducah, Ky.
W. N. U., CHICAGO, NO. 45-1919.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria

Always
Bears the
Signature

of
Jas. H. Hitchcock

In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years

CASTORIA

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

"Gold Bond" Clothes

are insured—

They're especially created for
Men, Young Men and
High School Chaps

—and are built up to an ideal—instead of down to a price.

Your absolute satisfaction in every respect is fully guaranteed by the Certificate in the pocket of each garment.

Popular Prices

The Million Ochs Co.

(Cincinnati)



RURAL NEWS

LAKE VILLA

Mrs. Geo. Pitman spent a couple days last week in Chicago.

Mr. Weber spent Monday with his daughter in Chicago.

Mrs. R. H. Sherwood was in Chicago on business last Wednesday.

Keep in mind the movies at the church Friday evening.

F. R. Sherwood spent a couple of days last week in Chicago.

Lee Gratz of North Chicago spent Sunday with relatives here.

Learn to economize and trade at Wendland's store, Lake Villa. 5tf

R. A. Douglas is home for a while till the coal situation is better.

Frank Hamlin and wife entertained friends from Lake Bluff Sunday.

Miss Marie Kapple of Grayslake spent Sunday with Mrs. Ayery.

John Nadr was in Oak Park Sunday and visited his daughter, Mrs. Hamlin at the hospital.

Norman Sebor and Ellen Eames were week-end guests of Mrs. W. F. Ziegler at Antioch.

Clifford Glosser of Maywood spent a few days last week with Mr. and Mrs. James Atwell.

Mrs. Fred Hamlin, who is in the Oak Park hospital in Chicago is recovering from her recent operation.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Kapple and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Ben Summers at Waukegan.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Keller entertained several friends at cards at the restaurant Friday evening.

Mrs. Higard, who has been at the Fred Hamlin home, returned Monday to the home of her daughter in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. David Kerr, who have been at the James Kerr home for the past two months returned to their home in Council Bluffs last week.

Mrs. R. E. Hussey was taken to the North Chicago hospital in Chicago last Friday for an operation for appendicitis and at last reports, was doing as well as could be expected.

P. M. Lund was in Chicago last week to see his son and wife, who had a narrow escape from death or injury when their auto went wrong on the way home from Lake Villa last week Sunday.

On next Sunday Rev. Kelly of Chicago will speak at the church at eleven o'clock. Mr. Kelly has been here before and all who have heard him are anxious to hear him again.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Weber returned last week from a seven weeks auto trip to Eastern points, including points in Maine, Massachusetts, New York and other large cities. They report a delightful trip.

F. T. Fowler entertained the business men of our village at a turkey dinner at the Keller Restaurant Monday evening and the twenty-five men present surely did ample justice to the bountiful spread.

MILLBURN

Schuyler Denman left on Sunday for Libertyville.

Miss Sarah Browne spent the week-end with Mrs. D. M. White.

Miss Belle Truax of Kenosha spent the week-end with home folks.

Learn to economize and trade at Wendland's store, Lake Villa. 5tf

Lincoln Eldrum of Missouri, spent the past week with his aunt, Mrs. Jane Jamieson.

There will be a community social on Friday evening, November 14, at Joe Clark's.

Mrs. Ethel Bonner and son Roy and Mrs. John Bonner returned Saturday from Nebraska.

Rev. Safford left Monday with the good wishes of all for his future home in Wheaton, Ill.

The Millburn Ladies Aid society will give a chicken supper and bazaar at the church Nov. 7.

Mr. A. H. Stewart had his family home for several days the past week. Mrs. Edna Pember of Ohio, Mrs. Irene Taylor of Lilly Lake. Lybur and Ross Stewart of Chicago.

Many from Waukegan, Gurnee, Hickory and surrounding vicinity attended church here Sunday. Rev. Safford preached his farewell sermon, united one with the church and baptised four little children.

Diamonds of Many Colors.

Although when free of color they are said to be of first water, diamonds are found in nearly every color of the rainbow—red, yellow, orange, green and blue.

TREVOR

George Higgins is building a garage.

Mrs. Filson and son returned home Friday from Austin, Ill.

Charley Hazelman spent Sunday with the home folks at Silverlake.

Dr. Fletcher of Salem made a professional call here Thursday.

Mrs. Charles Barber and daughter spent Sunday with her parents.

Miss Elizabeth Mutz went to Chicago Thursday for an indefinite stay.

Miss Thom spent a few days last week at the home of Mrs. Ann Sheen.

Arthur Barter of Pleasant Prairie called at the Wm. Evans family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Werve of Kenosha were guests of the John Bohrn family Sunday.

Mrs. Maggie Parks went to Kenosha Wednesday, where she will remain for the winter.

Mrs. Henry Lubeno entertained a few friends Thursday evening in honor of her birthday.

Art Bushing returned to his home in Chicago Monday after spending Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Spencer Cull and Will Cull of Salem, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ira Brown Sunday.

Miss Louise Scherf and Mrs. Elizabeth Bininger of Wilmot called on Mrs. Joseph Smith Wednesday.

Eugene Patterson, a grandson of Mrs. Jennie Booth arrived Wednesday from France after spending eighteen months overseas. After a few days visit with relatives, he left for his home in Glendive, Montana.

The Mystic Workers had installation of officers at the hall Tuesday evening. Two interesting speakers were present and after a fine lunch was served the remainder of the evening was spent in dancing.

Auction Sales

Having sold my farm, I will sell at public auction on the farm situated 2 miles south east of Russell and 1 1/2 miles northeast of Taylors Grove, on Tuesday, Nov. 11

Commencing at 1:00 o'clock, the following property, to-wit:

Cattle—10 choice cows, 4 Holstein heifers, high grade Holstein bull 12 months old.

Horses—black mare 8 yrs old, wt 1200; grey mare wt 1100; bay gelding, 4 yrs old, wt 1100; bay gelding 3 years old, wt 900.

1 brood sow, 8 pigs 5 weeks old.

25 tons timothy hay.

Machinery—Deering mower, Deering grain binder, Deering corn binder, Deering hay rake, International hay rake, International side delivery rake, Case cultivator, Case 14-in sulkey plow.

Van Blunt seeder, Bradley corn planter 14-inch disc pulverizer, sod crusher, corn sheller, narrow tire Studebaker wagon, double wagon box, 3 buggy poles, light milk wagon, single carriage heavy platform spring wagon, hand grass seeder, heating stove nearly new, caldron kettle, about 12 milk cans.

F. R. Wilby, Prop.

L. J. Slocum, Auctioneer.

C. Newell, Clerk.

Transform Historic Westminster.

Prominent citizens of London are planning to rebuild the district around Westminster abbey as a memorial to those who distinguished themselves in the world war. The improvements include the construction of a great avenue, 120 feet wide, and a new Lambeth bridge. The design for the bridge will be chosen from plans submitted by architects from all over the world. Splendid buildings are projected for the University of London, for a Shakespearean theater, and for arts and science exhibits. The new avenue will contain groups of stately country houses, the heroic deeds of the British, Canadian, New Zealand and Australian forces, as well as those of Britain's allies. It is intended to make this the finest and most impressive monumental avenue in the British empire.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Chinese Railways Busy.

Latest reports indicate that the 3,000 miles of government railways carry annually more than 25,000,000 passengers a total of 1,000,000,000 miles. Thirty-seven per cent of the receipts of the government railways come from the passenger service. On five of the lines the passenger revenues exceed those from transportation of goods. Ninety-five per cent of the passenger traffic is third-class at an average fare of one cent a mile, which means a large amount of travel by the poorer classes.

Wide macadamized highways are being constructed in the suburbs of many cities. The coming of the automobile will hasten this development. An automobile service across the Gobi desert connecting Peking with Urumqi and the Russian railway has been inaugurated.

The Holy Name Choir will give the seventh of their dances at the Columbia hall at Silverlake on Wednesday night, Nov. 26. The choir is introducing a new saxophone orchestra from Kenosha—Ed Regnier's—and it promises to be the best music they have been able to obtain during the series. Plan ahead to be present.

Youth Will Seek Its Fortune! Japanese are sturdy voyagers. Recently, when many Japanese were going to Brazil, a patriarch of ninety gathered his descendants to the number of forty-four and at their head fared forth to South America in search of new adventures and a fresh fortune; he already had a very handsome competence stored away.

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Harry Beck spent the last week in Chicago.

Bertha Zepp spent the week-end with friends in Burlington.

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R. Schenning was home from Racine over Sunday.

James Carey made a business trip to Milwaukee Monday.

Miss Kasper spent the week-end at her home in Racine.

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A marriage license was issued in Kenosha last week for Fred Rasch and Augusta Kanis of Wilmot.

W. Kruckman, wife and children of Burlington, visited at the Morgan and F. Kruckman homes, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Reynolds motored to Marengo Sunday and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. C. Kinred.

Mrs. E. Thompson and Mrs. T. C. Loftus were guests of Mrs. B. Stevens of Spring Grove one day last week.

Mrs. Geo. Faulkner entertained for Mrs. Lubeno, Mrs. Booth, Mrs. Turpening and Miss S. Patrick Friday.

Mrs. Fred Gauger and son returned the last of the week from an extended visit with her parents at Edgerton.

Miss Andrews returned to Pleasant Prairie after an extended visit with Mr. and Mrs. A. Turner on Saturday.

Ernest Peacock purchased a Jeffry Sedan from Mr. Sibley of Antioch. Howard Peacock purchased his Studebaker.

Minnie Faber accompanied the Swenson family to Woodstock Saturday to witness the final disposition of 'Herbina' Madeline's prize pig.

Miss Eda Bufton has been transferred from the Lincoln Junior High, in Kenosha, where she was a history teacher to the principalship of Weiskopf school.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Beck, Mrs. Ganz, Violet Beck and Harry Beck motored to Racine Sunday to attend the christening of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. P. Meyer.

Herbert Carey of Kenosha, was a guest at the Carey home over Sunday. Ermine, Blanche, Herbert and Irving Carey canoed to "Shorty's" at Grass Lake, Sunday.

Rev. and Mrs. Jedele and children and Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Holdorf motored to Kenosha last Sunday night where Rev. Jedele preached at the Reformation Festival.

Mary Madden, Bernice Drom, Carl Gauger, Fred Madden, Charles Kanis and John Hasselman were home from Kenosha for over Sunday visits with their respective families.

The Local Red Cross is assisting in the Nation-wide drive for new members for the coming year, during the time between Nov. 2 and 11. Leave your membership money with R. C. Shottiff.

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MEMORIAL TO
STIR HEARTS TO
KEEN DEVOTIONRoosevelt Association Declares
Movement to Erect Monuments Must Awaken
Americans to New
Sense of Duty.

The Roosevelt Memorial association, which has assumed the task during the week of October 20-27, of collecting a fund of at least \$5,000,000, for the erection at Washington of a towering shaft of marble to Colonel Roosevelt and the creation of a park at Oyster Bay, unreservedly declares that it is looking beyond the accumulation of this fund, and that its greatest work is to preserve for all the people of the United States the inspiration that flamed in the great heart of Theodore Roosevelt and guided his statesmanship.

Unless the movement for the creation of Roosevelt memorials kindles in the souls of his fellow Americans greater devotion, more loyalty and deeper faith, it will have accomplished only a small part of what it was intended to do; and not only among the native, but also among the foreign-born American citizens must this patriotic feeling be fostered.

"Theodore Roosevelt was a statesman, a historian, a journalist, a big game hunter, a naturalist, an explorer, but in and above all he was an American, whose ruling passion was his country," says William Boyce Thompson, president of the Roosevelt Memorial association. "He served his country with every side of his versatile being. He rescued from oblivion a romantic era of her history; he studied her wild animals and birds and gave them sanctuaries; he redeemed her desert; he struggled for law and order on the frontier and for humanity in her slums; he fought for the honor of her flag, in war and peace, abroad and at home, with pen and sword and the organized power of high position. He loved America and with every breath he drew, he served her."

This is the man who has passed from among us, the man who was as beloved in the liberty-loving lands across the sea as he was in his own America, and millions of their inhabitants have signified their purpose of contributing to the Roosevelt memorial fund during the week of the drive. Their cause has valiantly espoused in those never-

to-be-forgotten dark days before victory came to the Allies, and because of this they revere the name of Theodore Roosevelt little less than that of a saint.

Not will the peoples in the territorial possessions of the United States be less backward about honoring his memory than those in this country. In Alaska, Hawaii, the Philippines, Porto Rico and, in fact, in the furthestmost corners of the earth where the glorious Stars and Stripes fly, men and women and children have signified their intention to help create the Roosevelt memorials and pay homage to the memory of a man all Americans loved.

THE ROOSEVELT CREED

I believe in honesty, sincerity and the square deal; in making up one's mind what to do—and doing it.

I believe in fearing God and taking one's own part.

I believe in hitting the line hard when you are right.

I believe in speaking softly and carrying a big stick.

I believe in hard work and honest sport.

I believe in a sane mind and a sane body.

I believe we have room for but one soul loyalty, and that is loyalty to the American people.

ROOSEVELT'S IDEALS
EVER AN INSPIRATION

By LEONARD WOOD, Major General, U. S. Army.

Theodore Roosevelt was a leader in ideals and in action. He stood for the square deal, one flag, one language and one loyalty—loyalty to the American people—for industrial justice, for public and private morality, for a strong and vigorous America, charitable and helpful, ever ready to do her duty to civilization and humanity, but an America acting always under the dictates of her own conscience, rather than under the direction of others.

He stood for universal service in war as well as in peace. Service for each one wherever he could best serve.

His memory will live among us always, and his life and ideals will serve as an inspiration for all that is best in citizenship.

Memory to Live Forever.

James Cardinal Gibbons—The memory of Colonel Roosevelt will be always fresh and green in the hearts of

Tasting With the Nose.
The sensation of taste, while of common and constant experience, is highly complicated in its nature. What is commonly called taste is not a simple sensation at all, but rather a complex. In addition to the actual functioning of the apparatus properly pertaining to the sense of taste, the tongue receives impressions of various other sorts, all of which go to make up this complex. As finally recorded in the consciousness, the taste of any substance has to do with its heat or coolness, perhaps with a mild amount of pain, certainly with astringency or acidity—which are in themselves further complexes of thermic and tactile sensations—and above all with smell. The reader will probably agree that ice cream and coffee are entirely different from their true selves when served at inappropriate temperatures; and it is a matter of record that a person of the keenest taste may make the most ludicrous errors if asked, blindfolded and with his nose stopped to identify substances placed in his mouth.

Famed Rest of Noted Men.

The Diamond bar, famous for nearly 50 years as a part of the old Auersalus house, of San Jose, Cal., is being fitted up for a grocery store. The Auersalus house, on West Santa Clara street, housed five presidents of the United States and was for a time the abode of a king. It was built in 1833, according to John E. Auersalus of San Jose, and the barroom was the meeting place for many of the men whose names have been written into the history of California.

President Grant was entertained at a banquet in the Auersalus house in 1879. The following spring King Kalakaua of Hawaii was a guest, and in September of the same year President Hayes delivered an address from the balcony. President Harrison was a guest in 1891 and both McKinley and Roosevelt visited the famous old hotel on their tours of the United States.

Her Part.

The physician had diagnosed the young woman's case and was compounding for her a bottle of medicine. He put two or three drops into the bottle and then took up a jar of peppermint. The jar was almost empty and there was not enough peppermint to fill the patient's bottle. The physician looked around for another jar. He didn't find one, however. For a minute he was frankly perplexed, and then came sudden relief. He turned to the faucet and finished filling the bottle with water.

"Oh," the young woman's voice was very cool, "you needn't have done that. I can put in the water myself."

41 HEAD HOLSTEINS
AT AUCTION

As my present herd contains more pure breds than grades I have decided to keep nothing but pure breds and will sell on

SATURDAY, NOV. 8

Commencing at 1 o'clock p. m. on the Vincentville farm located 1 1-2 miles north of Wilmot, 1 1-2 miles south of Silverlake the following:

25 head of milch sows, fresh or will soon freshen
8 head of two-year-olds, due to freshen in Jan. and Feb.
4 head of yearlings, not bred.
4 head of pure bred bull calves, good individuals, sired by Carnation Segis Beauty

FIVE REASONS

Why the prospective cattle buyer should attend this sale.

1. Because there will be absolutely no by-bidding
2. Because, with but one exception, every cow offered of milking age has freshened or will be fresh between Sept. 1 and Feb. 16.
3. Because a large percentage of the cattle offered are of our own breeding. Pure bred sires used for several years.
4. Because service dates have been kept.
5. Because every cow or heifer due to freshen, with two exceptions, has been bred to Carnation Segis Beauty, whose three nearest dams average 27.7 lbs. of butter in 7 days.

Also 100 Rhode Island Red Chickens
Mostly pullets. No Culls.

G. E. VINCENT

GEO. VOGEL, Auctioneer.

Arthur Bloss, Sale Clerk. Wm. Schlecht, Settling Clerk.